WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 INCLUDING REPORTS ON FEDERAL AWARDS AND EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SCHEDULE NUMBER	SCHEDULES Independent Auditor's Report Management Discussion and Analysis	PAGE 1 – 3 4 – 14
	Basic Financial Statements	
1	Statement of Net Position	15
2	Statement of Activities	16
3	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement	17
4	of Net Position	18
5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	19
6	Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	20
7	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	21
8	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	22
	Notes to Financial Statements	23 - 61
	Required Supplementary Information	
SS-1	Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	62
SS-2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
00.2	Budget and Actual – General Fund	63 - 64
SS-3	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net	65
SS-4	Pension Asset/Liability Schedule of District Contributions	65 66
33-4		00
00.5	Supplementary Information School and Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Beel	
SS-5	Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit – General Fund	67
SS-6	Schedule of Capital Projects Fund – Project Expenditures and Financing	07
	Resources	68
SS-7	Net Investment in Capital Assets	69
SS-8	Statement of Indebtedness	70
	Federal Award Program Information	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting	
	and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
	Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	71 - 72
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and	72 74
	on Internal Control Over Compliances Required by Uniform Guidance	73 - 74
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	75 76
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	77 - 78
		77 70
	Extra Classroom Activity Fund	70 00
	Independent Auditor's Report Statement of Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance – Cash Basis	79 – 80 81
	Statement of Receipts and Disbursements – Cash Basis	82 - 83
	Notes to Financial Statements	84



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Washingtonville Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washingtonville Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Washingtonville Central School District

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Washingtonville Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 4 through 14 and 62 through 66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Washingtonville Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on pages 67 through 70 are required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themse ves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Washingtonville Central School District

Mugant + Hoursler, P.C.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2020, on our consideration of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Montgomery, New York

September 30, 2020

Management Discussion and Analysis

Introductory Section

The following is a discussion and analysis of Washingtonville Central School District's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of Washingtonville Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

		Fund Financi	al Statements
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net PositionStatement of Activities	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/ liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if applicable), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at June 30, 2020 is a deficit of \$183,529,483. This is a \$12,628,373 decrease in net position from last year's deficit net position of \$170,901,110. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Summary of Net Position

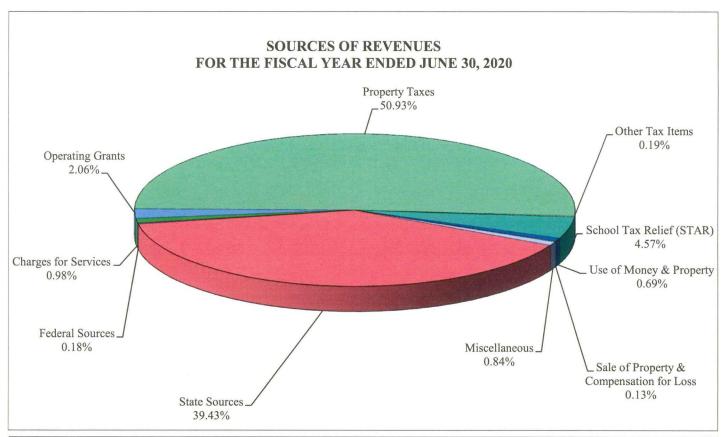
	School District Activities									
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	% Change							
Current Assets	\$ 39,969,072	\$ 43,358,077	-7.82%							
Pension Asset	5,508,925	3,791,884	45.28%							
Capital Assets, Net	101,056,920	99,184,742	1.89%							
Deferred Outflows	53,558,595	40,944,842	30.81%							
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	200,093,512	187,279,545	6.84%							
Current Liabilities	11,343,702	4,621,456	145.46%							
Pension Liability	6,728,455	1,759,001	282.52%							
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	337,673,320	322,348,286	4.75%							
Deferred Inflows	27,877,518	29,451,912	-5.35%							
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	383,622,995	358,180,655	7.10%							
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	39,525,081	40,859,994	-3.27%							
Restricted	23,496,095	14,524,113	61.77%							
Unrestricted	(246,550,659)	(226,285,217)	-8.96%							
Total Net Position	\$ (183,529,483)	\$ (170,901,110)	-7.39%							

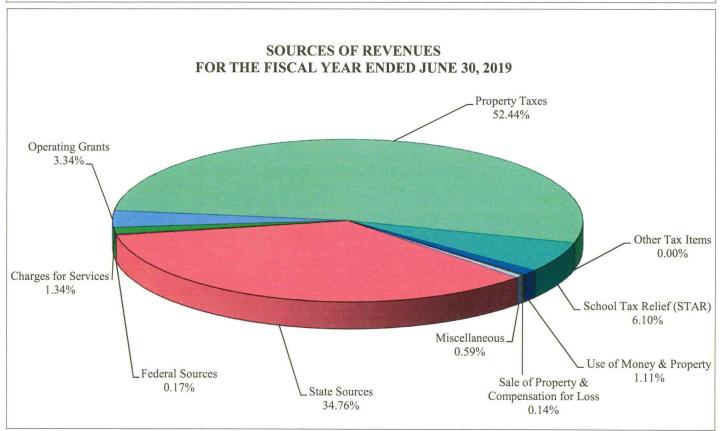
The following table and supporting graphs provides a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2020:

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

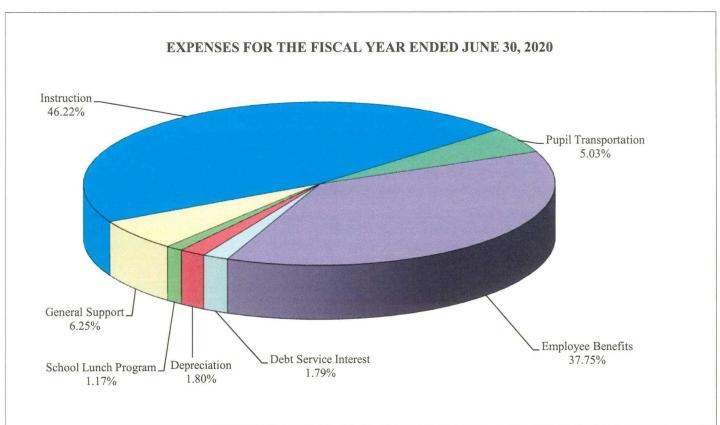
	JUNE 30, 2020		JUNE 30, 2019		\$ Change	% Change
REVENUES						
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,022,340	0.98%	\$ 1,314,521	1.34%	\$ (292,181)	-22.23%
Operating Grants	2,159,854	2.06%	3,269,749	3.34%	(1,109,895)	-33.94%
					()	
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	53,304,615	50.93%	51,298,059	52.45%	2,006,556	3.91%
Other Tax Items	202,097	0.19%	0	0.00%	202,097	n/a
School Tax Relief (STAR)	4,777,661	4.57%	5,970,679	6.10%	(1,193,018)	-19.98%
Use of Money & Property	718,400	0.69%	1,086,961	1.11%	(368,561)	-33.91%
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	140,788	0.13%	137,153	0.14%	3,635	2.65%
Miscellaneous	877,332	0.84%	577,848	0.59%	299,484	51.83%
State Sources	41,264,854	39.43%	33,998,023	34.76%	7,266,831	21.37%
Federal Sources	188,371	0.18%	165,870	0.17%	22,501	13.57%
TOTAL REVENUES	104,656,312	100.00%	97,818,863	100.00%	6,837,449	6.99%
<u>EXPENSES</u>						
General Support	7,329,709	6.25%	7,978,294	9.00%	(648,585)	-8.13%
Instruction	54,204,652	46.21%	52,427,332	59.12%	1,777,320	3.39%
Pupil Transportation	5,898,730	5.03%	5,315,398	6.00%	583,332	10.97%
Employee Benefits	44,278,136	37.75%	17,672,437	19.93%	26,605,699	150.55%
Debt Service Interest	2,094,145	1.79%	1,689,422	1.91%	404,723	23.96%
Depreciation	2,108,491	1.80%	2,089,051	2.36%	19,440	0.93%
School Lunch Program	1,370,822	1.17%	1,491,013	1.68%	(120,191)	-8.06%
TOTAL EXPENSES	117,284,685	100.00%	88,662,947	100.00%	28,621,738	32.28%
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	\$ (12,628,373)		\$ 9,155,916		\$ (21,784,289)	

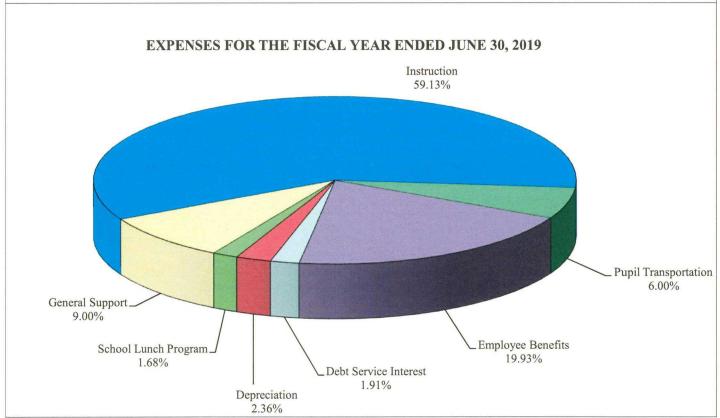
WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK





WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

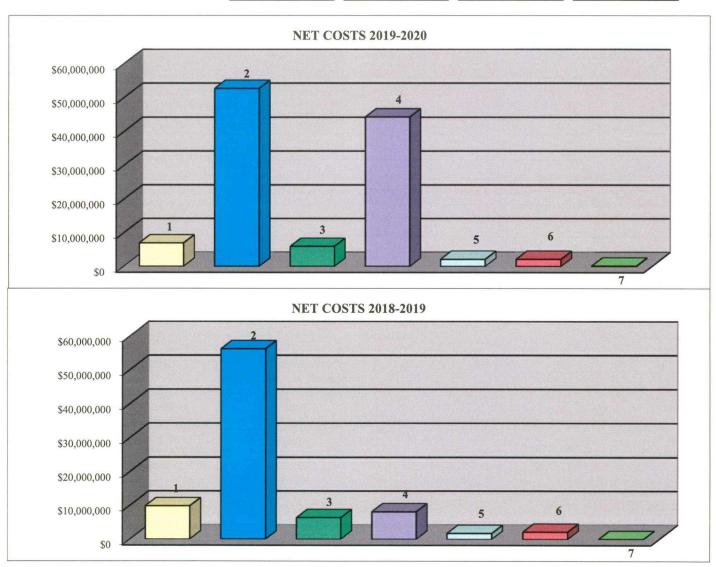




WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NET COSTS

The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:

	_	TOTAL COST OF SERVICES 2019-2020		NET COST F SERVICES 2019-2020	OF	OTAL COST S SERVICES 2018-2019	OI	NET COST F SERVICES 2018-2019
General Support	1	\$ 7,329,709	\$	6,926,047	\$	7,978,294	\$	9,792,973
Instruction	2	54,204,652		52,656,655		52,427,332		56,123,682
Pupil Transportation	3	5,898,730		5,898,730		5,315,398		6,330,364
Employee Benefits	4	44,278,136		44,278,136	17,672,437			8,088,284
Debt Service - Interest	5	2,094,145		2,094,145		1,689,422		1,689,422
Depreciation	6	2,108,491		2,108,491		2,089,051		2,089,051
School Lunch Program	7	1,370,822		140,287		1,491,013		(35,099)
		\$ 117,284,685	\$	114,102,491	\$	88,662,947	\$	84,078,677



Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The total fund balances allocated between nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows:

	June 30, 2020											
	Nonsp	endable	Committed		Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total				
General	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 15,266,112	\$ 5,506,486	\$ 5,427,699	\$ 26,200,297				
Special Aid		0		0	0	0	(6,912)	(6,912)				
School Lunch		53,262		0	0	0	(257,384)	(204,122)				
Capital Projects		0		0	1,368,020	0	0	1,368,020				
Debt Service		0		0	1,353,038	0	0	1,353,038				
	\$	53,262	\$	0	\$ 17,987,170	\$ 5,506,486	\$ 5,163,403	\$ 28,710,321				

		June 30, 2019											
	Nonspendable		Committed		Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total					
General	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 14,524,113	\$ 7,990,647	\$ 4,497,424	\$ 27,012,184					
Special Aid		0		0	0	0	0	0					
School Lunch		33,769		0	121,606	0	0	155,375					
Capital Projects		0		0	11,460,948	0	(7,678)	11,453,270					
Debt Service		0		0	1,861,347	0	0	1,861,347					
	\$	33,769	\$	0	\$ 27,968,014	\$ 7,990,647	\$ 4,489,746	\$ 40,482,176					

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund was revised by \$\$773,920 during the year. The supplemental appropriations consisted of \$8,920 from donations for instructional costs and \$765,0000 appropriated from the Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve.

In the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020, actual revenues were greater than revised budgeted revenues by \$2,473,407 (2.35%). Revenue sources most significantly greater than the budgeted amount were uses of money and property and state sources. Actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than the revised budgeted expenditures by \$3,448,207 (3.25%). The most significant unencumbered balances related to general support – central services, teaching-regular school and pupil transportation. Effective budget management and close monitoring contributed to these unencumbered appropriations. Additionally, expenditure needs were impacted due to the pandemic.

For the year 2020-2021, the District appropriated \$3,500,000 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy.

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- New York State Aid revenues may be affected due to state wide budget constraints.
- Employee benefits, including health benefits and teachers' and employees' retirement continue to rise.
- Current economic conditions are expected to reduce future revenues and increase costs.
- Costs related to pandemic instructional and safety needs.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Management believes that the budget adopted for 2020-2021 should be adaptable to any adverse changes that may arise based on the above factors.

New York State Legislature contains legislation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 that established a "property tax cap" on the amount that a school district's property tax levy can increase each year. This legislation specifies that property taxes levied by a school district generally cannot increase by more than two percent, or the rate of inflation, whichever is less. The law does allow school districts to levy an additional amount for certain excludable expenditures. School districts can adopt a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit if the budget that is presented to the public is approved by sixty percent of the votes cast.

Other Fund Highlights

The Special Aid Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance of \$6,912. The interfund transfer did not cover the unreimbursed summer handicapped costs in their entirety.

The School Lunch Program Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance of \$204,122. Expenditures exceeded revenue by \$359,497 due in large part to reduced sales during the pandemic.

The Capital Projects Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$1,368,020. The current year expenditures were related to ongoing District-Wide Reconstruction. The current year revenues consisted primarily of Smart Bond aid.

Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$1,353,038. Expenditures exceed revenues by \$508,309, largely due to a \$520,000 interfund transfer.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020 was \$ 101,056,920 . The total increase in this net investment was 12.42% for the District as a whole (see schedule below). The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$ 89,892,858 . The District expended \$13,272,554 to acquire and construct capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2020, and depreciation expense for the year was \$2,108,492.

<u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Jı	ine 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	% Change
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$	6,891,876	\$ 6,891,876	0.00%
Construction in Progress		58,728,318	46,575,874	26.09%
Depreciable Assets:				
Building and Improvements		29,957,138	31,156,003	-3.85%
Furniture and Equipment		905,378	1,015,851	-10.87%
Vehicles		4,574,210	4,253,254	7.55%
TOTALS	\$	101,056,920	\$ 89,892,858	12.42%

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$60,825,000 and installment debt outstanding of \$373,824. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of Washingtonville Central School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in long-term debt outstanding during the year was as follows:

	Begi	nning Balance	Issued			Paid	Ending Bala		
Serial Bond	\$	200,000	\$	0	\$	200,000	\$	0	
Serial Bond		525,000		0		150,000		375,000	
Serial Bond		710,000		0		170,000		540,000	
Serial Bond		205,000		0		205,000		0	
Serial Bond		325,000		0		105,000		220,000	
Serial Bond		7,285,000		0		620,000		6,665,000	
Serial Bond		1,655,000		0		1,655,000		0	
Serial Bond		1,880,000		0		1,880,000		0	
Serial Bond		46,802,620		0		1,962,620		44,840,000	
Serial Bond - Library		6,000,000		0		500,000		5,500,000	
Serial Bond		0	3,035	5,000		350,000		2,685,000	
Total Bonded Debt Outstanding		65,587,620	3,035	5,000	7.	7,797,620		60,825,000	
Installment Purchase Debt		741,363		0		367,539		373,824	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	66,328,983	\$ 3,035	5,000	\$	8,165,159	\$	61,198,824	

Bond Ratings

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned a rating of "AA" to outstanding uninsured bonds of the District. This rating reflects only the view of such rating agency and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Moody's Investors Service. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be revised or withdrawn, if in the judgment of Moody's circumstances so warrant. Any change or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes or the availability of a secondary market for the Notes.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Lorine VanPut-Lamerand, Assistant Superintendent for Business, at the District's business offices at the School's Business Offices at 52 West Main St., Washingtonville, New York 10992.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS		
Unrestricted Cash	\$	6,804,407
Restricted Cash		17,985,610
State & Federal Aid Receivable		6,731,409
Due from Other Governments		7,104,448
Due from Fiduciary Funds		1,128,368
Other Receivables, Net		161,568
Inventories		53,262
Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share (TRS)		5,508,925
Non Depreciable Capital Assets		65,620,194
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	(4)	35,436,726
TOTAL ASSETS	_	146,534,917
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)		22,928,850
Other Postemployment Benefits		30,603,089
Deferred Charges on Refunding		26,656
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		53,558,595
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		171,903
Accrued Liabilities		915,090
Due to Other Governments		281,179
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		3,525,248
Due to Employees' Retirement System		298,654
Unearned Revenues		765,840
Long-Term Liabilities:		703,040
Due and Payable Within One Year:		
Bonds Payable		5,011,964
Installment Purchase Debt		373,824
Due and Payable In More Than One Year:		373,021
Bonds Payable		56,172,707
Compensated Absences		6,120,620
Other Postemployment Benefits		275,379,993
Net Pension Liability, Proportionate Share (ERS)		6,728,455
TOTAL LIABILITIES		355,745,477
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)		7,713,900
Other Postemployment Benefits		20,163,618
Other Postemployment Benefits	_	20,103,010
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	27,877,518
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		39,525,081
Restricted		23,496,095
Unrestricted	_	(246,550,659)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(183,529,483)

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		PROGRAM			
FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	HARGES FOR ERVICES	PERATING GRANTS	R Cl	T (EXPENSE) EVENUE & HANGES IN T POSITION
General Support Instruction	\$ (11,303,430) (92,771,959)	\$ 403,662	\$ 0 1,547,997	\$	(10,899,768) (91,223,962)
Pupil Transportation Debt Service – Interest	(9,275,995) (2,094,145)	0	0		(9,275,995) (2,094,145)
School Lunch Program	(1,839,156)	 618,678	 611,857		(608,621)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	\$(117,284,685)	\$ 1,022,340	\$ 2,159,854		(114,102,491)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Use of Money & Property Sale of Property & Compensation Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources	for Loss				53,304,615 4,979,758 718,400 140,788 877,332 41,264,854 188,371
	,			TH-	
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES					101,474,118
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(12,628,373)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF Y	EAR				(170,901,110)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR				\$	(183,529,483)

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL		SPECIAL AID		SCHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL PROJECTS		DEBT SERVICE		TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Unrestricted Cash	\$	6,795,740	\$ 4,183	\$	4,484	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,804,407
Restricted Cash		15,266,112	0		0		1,368,020		1,351,478		17,985,610
State & Federal Aid Receivable		5,246,012	1,443,866		41,531		0		0		6,731,409
Due from Other Governments		1,604,448	0		0		0		0		1,604,448
Due from Other Funds		2,725,447	221,437		25,000		0		0		2,971,884
Due from Fiduciary Funds		1,128,368	0		0		0		0		1,128,368
Other Receivables, Net		139,481	0		20,527		0		1,560		161,568
Inventories		0	0		53,262		0		0		53,262
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	32,905,608	\$ 1,669,486	\$	144,804	\$	1,368,020	\$	1,353,038	\$	37,440,956
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES											
<u>LIABILITIES</u>											
Accounts Payable	\$	158,945	\$ 12,958	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	171,903
Accrued Liabilities		715,369	269		289		0		0		715,927
Due to Other Governments		280,697	0		482		0		0		281,179
Due to Other Funds		1,019,101	1,663,171		289,612		0		0		2,971,884
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		3,525,248	0		0		0		0		3,525,248
Due to Employees' Retirement System		298,654	0		0		0		0		298,654
Unearned Revenues		707,297	0		58,543		0		0_		765,840
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,705,311	1,676,398	_	348,926		0		0		8,730,635
FUND BALANCES Fund Balance: (See Note 1)											
Nonspendable:		0	0		53,262		0		0		53,262
Restricted:		15,266,112	0		0		1,368,020		1,353,038		17,987,170
Assigned:		5,506,486	0		0		0		0		5,506,486
Unassigned:		5,427,699	(6,912)		(257,384)		0		0		5,163,403
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		26,200,297	(6,912)		(204,122)		1,368,020		1,353,038		28,710,321
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$	32,905,608	\$ 1,669,486	\$	144,804	\$	1,368,020	\$	1,353,038	\$	37,440,956

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		LONG-TERM ASSETS & LIABILITIES		RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS		STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
ASSETS								
Hamada J Coh	\$	6,804,407	S	0	\$	0	\$	6,804,407
Unrestricted Cash	Þ	17,985,610	D)	0	J.	0	Φ	17,985,610
Restricted Cash		6,731,409		0		0		6,731,409
State & Federal Aid Receivable Due from Other Governments		1,604,448		5,500,000		0		7,104,448
Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds		2,971,884		0,300,000		(2,971,884)		7,104,448
		1,128,368		0		(2,771,004)		1,128,368
Due from Fiduciary Funds Other Receivables, Net		161,568		0		0		161,568
Inventories		53,262		0		0		53,262
		0		5,508,925		0		5,508,925
Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share (TRS)		0		65,620,194		0		65,620,194
Non Depreciable Capital Assets		0		35,436,726		0		35,436,726
Capital Assets, Net		0		33,430,720				33,430,720
TOTAL ASSETS		37,440,956	-	112,065,845		(2,971,884)	_	146,534,917
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)		0		22,928,850		0		22,928,850
Other Postemployment Benefits		0		30,603,089		0		30,603,089
Deferred Charges on Refunding		0		26,656		0		26,656
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0		53,558,595		0	_	53,558,595
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	37,440,956	\$	165,624,440	\$	(2,971,884)	\$	200,093,512
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Due to Other Funds Due to Teachers' Retirement System Due to Employees' Retirement System Unearned Revenues Bonds Payable Installment Purchase Debt	\$	171,903 715,927 281,179 2,971,884 3,525,248 298,654 765,840 0	\$	0 199,163 0 0 0 0 0 61,184,671 373,824	\$	0 0 0 (2,971,884) 0 0 0	\$	171,903 915,090 281,179 0 3,525,248 298,654 765,840 61,184,671 373,824
Compensated Absences		0		6,120,620		0		6,120,620
Other Postemployment Benefits		0		275,379,993		0		275,379,993
Net Pension Liability, Proportionate Share (ERS)		0		6,728,455		0		6,728,455
TOTAL LIABILITIES	A	8,730,635		349,986,726		(2,971,884)		355,745,477
			-					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0		7.712.000		0		7 712 000
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)		0		7,713,900				7,713,900
Other Postemployment Benefits	-	0	_	20,163,618		0	_	20,163,618
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	0		27,877,518		0		27,877,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		8,730,635		377,864,244		(2,971,884)		383,622,995
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION		28,710,321		(212,239,804)		0	_	(183,529,483)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION	\$	37,440,956	\$	165,624,440	\$	(2,971,884)	\$	200,093,512

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		GENERAL		SPECIAL AID		SCHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEB SERV		GO\	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES Pool Poor Pool Towns	\$	53,304,615	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	53,304,615
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items	Þ	4,979,758	Þ	0	Þ	0	Ф	0	Ф	0	Ф	4,979,758
Charges for Services		403,662		0		0		0		0		403,662
		718,400		0		0		0		0		718,400
Use of Money & Property		140,788		0		0		0		0		140,788
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		1,367,201		0		0		0	225	5,237		1,602,438
Miscellaneous		CORD - CORDON				29,910		1,959,516	233	0,237		41,264,854
State Sources		38,189,896		1,085,532				1,939,310		0		2,348,225
Federal Sources		218,281		1,547,997		581,947 618,678		0		0		618,678
Sales TOTAL REVENUES		99,322,601		2,633,529	_	1,230,535	_	1,959,516	235	5,237		105,381,418
EXPENDITURES												
General Support		8,482,799		0		0		0	84	1,000		8,566,799
Instruction		52,394,538		2,345,083		0		0		0		54,739,621
Pupil Transportation		5,666,371		232,359		0		0		0		5,898,730
Employee Benefits		26,673,365		227,442		229,317		0		0		27,130,124
Debt Service:		,,-		,		10000000 V 00 00 10						
Principal		5,020,161		0		0		0		0		5,020,161
Interest		2,135,026		0		0		0		0		2,135,026
Cost of Sales		0		0		1,370,822		0		0		1,370,822
Capital Outlay		0		0		0		12,152,444		0		12,152,444
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		100,372,260		2,804,884		1,600,139		12,152,444	84	1,000		117,013,727
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	(1,049,659)	i -	(171,355)		(369,604)		(10,192,928)	151	,237		(11,632,309)
OTHER SOURCES & USES												
Proceeds from Advanced Refunding		0		0		0		0	3,035			3,035,000
Payment to Escrow Agent - Bond Refunding		0		0		0		0	(3,174			(3,174,546)
Operating Transfers In		520,000		164,443		10,107		107,678		0		802,228
Operating Transfers Out		(282,228)		0		0		0		0,000)		(802,228)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		237,772	_	164,443	_	10,107		107,678	(659	9,546)	_	(139,546)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES												
OVER EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES		(811,887)		(6,912)		(359,497)		(10,085,250)	(508	3,309)		(11,771,855)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		27,012,184		0	_	155,375	_	11,453,270	1,861	,347		40,482,176
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	26,200,297	\$	(6,912)	\$	(204,122)	\$	1,368,020	\$ 1,353	3,038	\$	28,710,321

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS	LONG-TERM REVENUE & EXPENSES	CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	LATED DEBT RECLASSIFICA		STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
REVENUES							0 52 201 415
Real Property Taxes	\$	53,304,615	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 53,304,615
Other Tax Items		4,979,758	0	0	0	0	4,979,758
Charges for Services		403,662	0	0	0	0	403,662
Use of Money & Property		718,400	0	0	0	0	718,400
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		140,788	0	0	0	0	140,788
Miscellaneous		1,602,438	0	0	(725,106)	0	877,332
State Sources		41,264,854	0	0	0	0	41,264,854
Federal Sources		2,348,225	0	0	0	0	2,348,225
Sales		618,678	0	0	0	0	618,678
TOTAL REVENUES		105,381,418	0	0	(725,106)	0	104,656,312
EXPENDITURES General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Employee Benefits Debt Service: Principal Interest Cost of Sales Capital Outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		8,566,799 54,739,621 5,898,730 27,130,124 5,020,161 2,135,026 1,370,822 12,152,444 117,013,727	(116,981) (534,969) 0 17,148,012 0 (13,509) 0 0 16,482,553	262,473 1,157,723 638,784 0 0.00 49,511 (13,272,553) (11,164,062)	(5,020,161) (27,372) 0 (5,047,533)	2,591,139 37,409,584 2,738,481 (44,278,136) 0 0 418,823 1,120,109 0	11,303,430 92,771,959 9,275,995 0 0 2,094,145 1,839,156 0 117,284,685
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(11,632,309)	(16,482,553)	11,164,062	4,322,427	0	(12,628,373)
OTHER SOURCES & USES Proceeds from Advanced Refunding Payment to Escrow Agent - Bond Refunding Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		3,035,000 (3,174,546) 802,228 (802,228) (139,546)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	(3,035,000) 3,174,546 0 0 139,546	0 0 (802,228) 802,228	0 0 0 0
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$	(11,771,855)	\$ (16,482,553)	\$ 11,164,062	\$ 4,461,973	\$ 0	\$ (12,628,373)

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	PU	RIVATE JRPOSE RUSTS		AGENCY
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	64,583	_\$	1,352,093
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	64,583	\$	1,352,093
LIABILITIES & NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Funds Extraclassroom Activity Balances Other Liabilities	\$	0 0 0	\$	1,128,368 121,632 102,093
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0	\$	1,352,093
NET POSITION				
Reserved for Endowment, Scholarship, and Gift Funds		64,583		
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET POSITION	\$	64,583		

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>ADDITIONS</u>	PU	IVATE RPOSE RUSTS	
Gifts and Contributions Investment Earnings	\$	73,886 72	
TOTAL ADDITIONS		73,958	
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships & Awards Other Expenses		15,700	4
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		15,700	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		58,258	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,325	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	64,583	

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The financial statements of Washingtonville Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Where comparative amounts are presented, certain reclassifications may have been made to the prior year amounts so that they would be in conformity with the current year's presentation. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Washingtonville Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 9 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds have been included in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Orange Ulster County Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, Washingtonville Central School District was billed \$13,187,213 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,551,291. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 53 Gibson Road, Goshen, NY 10924.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Funds Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Private purpose trust funds: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1 and became a lien on August 20, 2019. Taxes were collected by the District during the period September 1, 2019 through October 31, 2019.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Orange in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

G. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 9 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, pension accruals, other postemployment benefit accruals, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items (Continued)

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 2002, estimated historical costs based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction-in-process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation	Estimated
			Method	Useful Life
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	Straight Line	20 years
Buildings and Improvements		5,000	Straight Line	20 - 50 years
Furniture and Equipment		5,000	Straight Line	5 - 15 years
Vehicles		5,000	Straight Line	8 years

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense, see Note 8. The second deferred outflow is related to other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position, see Note 10. The third deferred outflow is related to deferred charges associated with a bond refunding.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district – wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense, see Note 8. The second is related to other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position, see Note 10.

O. Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Unavailable revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned/unavailable revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

Statute provides the authority for the District to levy taxes to be used to finance expenditures within the first 120 days of the succeeding year. Consequently, such amounts are recognized as revenue in the subsequent year, rather than when measurable and available.

Unavailable revenues recorded in governmental funds are typically adjusted and not included in the district-wide statements.

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical/personal time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

P. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u> (Continued)

1. Compensated Absences (Continued)

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

2. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's full-time employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. Equity Classifications

1. District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position – reports net position when constraints placed on the position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2. Fund Statements

In the governmental fund statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable: Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes inventory in the School Lunch Fund of \$53,262.

<u>Restricted</u>: Constraints have been imposed on the use of these amounts either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- S. Equity Classifications (Continued)
 - 2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Tax Certiorari Reserve

Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the General fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Workers' Compensation

Reserve for Workers Compenation (GML §6-j) must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Liability Claims and Property Loss Reserve Funds

According to Education Law §1709(8) (c), must be used to pay for liability claims and property loss incurred. Separate funds for liability claims and property loss are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts with a population under 125,000. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- S. Equity Classifications (Continued)
 - 2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions to the Employees Retirement System (ERS). This reserve is established by Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Effective April 1,2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teacher's Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

Insurance Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, all expenditures made from the insurance reserve fund must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2020 consisted of:

General Fund:

Workers' Compensation Reserve	\$	871,391
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	*	47,853
Insurance Reserve		625,665
Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve		724,958
Tax Certiorari Reserve		630,047
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve		6,006,657
Retirement Contribution Reserve - ERS		4,972,541
Retirement Contribution Reserve - TRS		1,387,000
Capital Fund		1,368,020
Debt Service Fund		1,353,038
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 1	7,987,170

<u>Committed</u>: Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The District did not classify any of its fund balance as committed as of June 30, 2020.

Assigned: Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. By reporting particular amounts that are not restricted or committed in the governmental funds other than the General Fund, the District has assigned those amounts to the purposes of the respective funds. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund includes \$2,006,486 assigned for specific purposes through the issuance of purchase orders that encumbered the budget for the year ended June 30, 2020. This assignment is made when purchase orders are approved by the Purchasing Agent who is designated each year by the Board of Education at its annual reorganizational meeting pursuant to the District's purchasing policy. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund also includes \$3,500,000 assigned to be used to reduce the tax levy for the year ending June 30, 2021. This assignment is made when the tax levy is set by the Board of Education pursuant to the District's annual budget policy.

Encumbrances	\$ 2,006,486
Appropriated to Reduce Subsequent Year's Tax Levy	3,500,000
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 5,506,486

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: Includes fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District considers that committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's General Fund budget for the ensuing year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

T. New Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in GASB Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the several pronouncements were postponed by one year. Effective dates provided in Note U have been updated to reflect this.

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will increase the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were not classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. Under, this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and will improve the relevance of financial statement information of certain component units. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*, which will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, which addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR (interbank offered rate). The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The requirements also will enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of (1) the information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

1. The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Original Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 131,820,849
Accumulated Depreciation	 (30,763,929)
	\$ 101,056,920

2. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expensed when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Accrued Interest Payable \$ 199,163

3. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. The balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

\$ 61,184,671
373,824
6,120,620
275,379,993
(30,603,089)
20,163,618
\$ 332,619,637
\$

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

4. Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The balance at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Deferred Charges on Refunding \$ 26,656

5. In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized. Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and changes in the components of the net pension liability or asset are recorded. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. These balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share (TRS)	\$ 5,508,925
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	22,928,850
Net Pension Liability, Proportionate Share (ERS)	(6,728,455)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	 (7,713,900)
	\$ 13,995,420

6. The Statement of Net Position reflects a receivable from the Library for the amount of the outstanding debt related to the financing of the new library building. The receivable as June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Due From Other Governments \$ 5,500,000

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Plan Related Differences

Pension plan transaction differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Related Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

Total revenues and other funding sources reported in Governmental Funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 109,218,646
Proceeds from the sale of bonds is recognized as an other funding source in the governmental funds, but increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	(3,035,000)
Proceeds from another Governmental Entity received as payment for their portion of the debt service are recognized in the governmental funds. This is the amount of the payment received.	(500,000)
Premiums on long-term debt issuances are recognized as revenue in the year of issuance in the governmental fund statements. However, premiums are amortized over the life of the related debt issuance as a reduction of interest expense. in the Statement of Activities.	(225,106)
Operating transfers from other funds are recognized as an other funding source in the governmental fund statements, but are eliminated in the Statement of Activities.	 (802,228)
Total revenues in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	\$ 104,656,312

<u>Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement</u> and the Statement of Activities

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses

Total expenditures and other uses reported in Governmental Funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 117,815,955
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$13,272,554 exceeded depreciation of \$2,108,492 in the current year.	(11,164,062)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences and special termination benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which compensated absences used exceeded the amount earned during the year.	(651,951)
In the Statement of Activities, the expense for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) includes changes in the OPEB liability such as service cost, interest cost, and changes in benefit terms, as well as amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. In the governmental funds, however, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities exceeded the amount of financial resources used during the year.	12,432,340
Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not under the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest payable last year exceeded the interest payable this year.	(13,509)
Repayment of bond and installment debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position.	(5,020,161)
Premiums and discounts on long-term debt issuances and deferred amounts from debt refunding are recognized in the fiscal year in which the transactions occur in the governmental fund statements. These amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities. This is the net amount that was amortized during the fiscal year.	(27,372)
(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. (TRS of \$3,389,654 and ERS of \$1,326,018).	4,715,672
Operating transfers to other funds are recognized as other uses of funds in the governmental fund statements, but are eliminated in the Statement of Activities.	 (802,228)
Total expenses in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	\$ 117,284,684

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

• The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the year are shown on Supplemental Schedule #5. Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent years until the completion of the projects.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally adopted budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTE 4. CASH – CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

NOTE 4. CASH – CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL. (Continued)

Uncollateralized \$ 0
Insured \$ 22,330,722

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution,

or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name

\$ 7,124,405

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$ 17,985,610 within the governmental funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,891,876	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 6,891,876
Construction in Progress	46,575,874	12,152,444	0	58,728,318
Total Nondepreciable				
Assets	53,467,750	12,152,444	0	65,620,194
Capital assets that are depreciated: Buildings and				
Improvements	54,983,800	0	0	54,983,800
Furniture & Equipment	2,790,875	125,842	(317,080)	2,599,637
Vehicles	8,276,471	994,268	(653,521)	8,617,218
Total Depreciable Assets	66,051,146	1,120,110	(970,601)	66,200,655
Less: Accumulated				
Depreciation	(29,626,038)	(2,108,492)	970,601	(30,763,929)
Capital Assets, Net	\$89,892,858	\$11,164,062	\$ 0	\$ 101,056,920

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Support	\$ 263,359
Instruction	1,163,386
Transportation	639,188
School Lunch Program	42,559
Total Depreciation	\$ 2,108,492

NOTE 6. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes (BAN's) are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. The notes or renewal thereof may not extend more than five years beyond the original date of issue unless a portion is redeemed within five years and within each twelve-month period thereafter. For short-term financing, the Washingtonville Central School District redeems (pays down) one-fifth (1/5) of the original BAN borrowing.

State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date. However, BAN's issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for period's equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made. As of June 30, 2020, the District did not have any BAN's outstanding.

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Paid/ Redeemed	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
Bonds Payable*	\$ 65,752,447	\$ 3,260,106	\$ 7,827,882	\$ 61,184,671	\$5,011,964
Installment Purchase Debt	741,365	0	367,541	373,824	0
Total Bonds and					
Notes Payable	66,493,812	3,260,106	8,195,423	61,558,495	5,011,964
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	6,772,571	0	651,951	6,120,620	0
Other Postemployment Benefits	247,322,902	17,276,652	(10,780,439)	275,379,993	0
Net Pension Liability	1,759,001	4,969,454	0	6,728,455	
Total Other Liabilities	255,854,474	22,246,106	(10,128,488)	288,229,068	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 322,348,286	\$25,506,212	\$ (1,933,065)	\$ 349,787,563	\$5,011,964

^{*}At June 30, 2020, the Bonds Payable includes unamortized premiums of \$359,671. This amount is being amortized over the life of the debt issuance to which it relates.

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences. Activity for compensated absences is shown at net due to the impracticality of determining these amounts separately. Activity for Other Postemployment Benefits and Net Pension Liability have also been shown as net figures.

Description of Issue	Issue Date	FinalMaturity	Interest Rate	Balance
Serial Bond – Buses	2017	2022	Variable	\$ 375,000
Serial Bond - Buses	2018	2022	Variable	540,000
Serial Bond – Advanced Refunding	2012	2022	Variable	220,000
Serial Bond - Advanced Refunding	2014	2029	Variable	6,665,000
Serial Bond – Reconstruction	2019	2039	Variable	44,840,000
Serial Bond – Library	2017	2031	Variable	5,500,000
Serial Bond - Construction	2020	2023	Variable	2,685,000
				\$ 60,825,000

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES. (Continued)

Energy Performance Contract

05/09/2013

05/09/2021

1.700%

\$ 373,824 \$ 373,824

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

	Bonds and Notes Payable		Other I	Liabilities
For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 4,945,000	\$ 1,871,802	\$ 373,824	\$ 6,392
2022	4,730,000	1,670,845	0	. 0
2023	4,545,000	1,487,623	0	0
2024	4,115,000	1,306,320	0	0
2025	3,920,000	1,119,570	0	0
2026 - 2030	19,565,000	3,282,101	0	0
2031 - 2035	14,340,000	535,388	0	0
2036 - 2040	4,665,000	5,580	0	0
TOTAL	\$60,825,000	\$11,279,229	\$ 373,824	\$ 6,392

On February 24, 2020, the District issued \$3,035,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 4.06% to refund \$3,145,000 of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.84%. The net proceeds of \$3,174,546 (after payment of \$84,000 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) were used to purchase United States government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered defeased, and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. The economic gain (loss) on the transaction (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) is approximately \$116,707.

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:	
Interest paid	\$ 2,135,026
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year	(212,672)
Less: Amortization of premium and deferred amount	(27,372)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year	 199,163
Total interest expense	\$ 2,094,145

Library Bond

On August 8, 2017, the District issued \$6,920,000 in serial bonds for renovations and additions to the Moffat Library of Washingtonville. The proceeds of the bonds were used to redeem \$6,500,000 in bond anticipation notes issued on August 11, 2016, and provide an additional \$420,000 for construction on the Library. The net proceeds of the bonds were turned over to the Library. The District is required to issue the bonds in its name and furnish the proceeds to the Library in accordance with Section 260 of Education Law. The Library is required to include in its budget a sufficient amount to reimburse the District for all principal and interest payments on the bonds. The bonds bear interest at 2.00%-5.00%, with principal payments due annually on June 15th and interest payments due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th until maturity on June 15, 2031.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS.

Pension Obligations

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems).

Plan Description & Benefits Provided

Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) which are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2018, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2019. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. Separately issued financial statements for the System can be accessed on the Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php.

Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

The New York State Teachers Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-member Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website located at www.nystrs.org.

ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied 1 for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a members tier, years of service, and plan.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

TRS Benefits Provided

The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credit service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of two additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55 through 62 regardless of service credit.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service requirements above.

Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the \$18,000 of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2019 is 1.0%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determines rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year	NYSTRS	NYSERS
2019 - 2020	\$ 3,227,756	\$ 981,007
2018 - 2019	3,758,805	1,168,347
2017 - 2018	3,347,422	1,207,465

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

At March 31, 2020, the District's proportion of the NYSERS net pension asset/(liability) was .0254090%, which is an increase of .000583% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2019.

At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion of the NYSTRS net pension asset/(liability) was .212044%, which was an increase of .002347% as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,404,855 and \$6,702,626 for ERS and TRS, respectively. At June 30, 2020 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
	<u>ERS</u>	TRS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 395,997	\$ 3,733,258	\$ 4,129,255
Changes of Assumptions	135,479	10,407,096	10,542,575
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,449,333	0	3,449,333
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	378,952	604,833	983,785
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	298,654	3,525,248	3,823,902
Total	\$ 4,658,415	\$ 18,270,435	\$ 22,928,850

	Deferred Inflows of Resources			es		
		ERS		TRS		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	0	\$	409,654	\$	409,654
Changes of Assumptions		116,984		2,537,545		2,654,529
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		0		4,417,874		4,417,874
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		86,092		145,751		231,843
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		0		0		0
Total	\$	203,076	\$	7,510,824	\$	7,713,900

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended:	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
2020	\$ 0	\$ 2,598,714
2021	757,679	264,542
2022	1,054,368	2,589,680
2023	1,300,967	1,735,881
2024	1,043,671	245,982
Thereafter	0	(200,434)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Measurement Date	ERS March 31, 2020	TRS June 30, 2019
Investment Rate of Return	6.80% compounded annually, net of investment expense	7.10% compounded annually, net of investment expense
Projected Salary Increases	4.2%	1.90% - 4.72% Rates of increase differ based on service. They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience
Projected Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3%, compounded annually	1.3%, compounded annually
Decrement Tables	Actual experience study for the period April 1, 2010 throughMarch 31, 2015	Actual experience study for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.20%
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. The Long Term Expected Real Rates of Return are presented by asset allocation classification, which differ from the financial statement presentation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	ERS				
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020				
	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*			
Asset Class:					
Domestic Equity	36%	4.05%			
International Equity	14%	6.15%			
Private Equity	10%	6.75%			
Real Estate	10%	4.95%			
Absolute Return Strategies	2%	3.25%			
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	4.65%			
Real Assets	3%	5.95%			
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	0.75%			
Cash	1%	0.00%			
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	0.50%			
Total	100%				

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

	TRS				
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019				
	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*			
Asset Class:					
Domestic Equities	33%	6.30%			
International Equities	16%	7.80%			
Global Equities	4%	7.20%			
Real Estate Equities	11%	4.60%			
Private Equities	8%	9.90%			
Domestic fixed income securities	16%	1.30%			
Global fixed income securities	2%	0.90%			
Private Debt	1%	6.50%			
Real Estate Debt	7%	2.90%			
High-yield fixed income securities	1%	3.60%			
Short-term	1%	0.30%			
	100%				

^{*}Real rates of return are net of long-term inflation assumptions of 2.5% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.8% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.8% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	5.80%	6.80%	7.80%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (12,348,615)	\$ (6,728,455)	\$ (1,552,264)
TRS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (24,866,712) -54-	\$ 5,508,925	\$ 30,990,657

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective measurements dates were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
		ERS		TRS	
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020		June 30, 2019		
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$	(194,596,261)	\$	(119,879,474)	
Plan net position		168,115,682		122,477,481	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(26,480,579)	\$	2,598,007	
Ration of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)		86.39%		102.20%	

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contributions for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$298,654.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS system. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$3,525,248.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Inter	fund	Inter	fund
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures
General Fund	\$ 3,853,815	\$ 1,019,101	\$ 520,000	\$ 282,228
Special Aid Fund	221,437	1,663,171	164,443	0
School Lunch Fund	25,000	289,612	10,107	0
Capital Fund	0	0	107,678	0
Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	520,000
Total Governmental Activities	4,100,252	2,971,884	802,228	802,228
Fiduciary Fund	0	1,128,368	0	0
Totals	\$ 4,100,252	\$ 4,100,252	\$ 802,228	\$ 802,228

NOTE 9. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY. (Continued)

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the Summer Special Education Program not funded by aid from New York State.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan ("the District's OPEB plan"), provides OPEB for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. The District's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District based on employment contracts. As these employment contracts are renegotiated, eligibility and benefits may change over time. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District's OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. Minimum eligibility requirements for postemployment benefits are as follows:

- The retiree has attained age 55 years while in the employment of the District and meets the follow service requirements:
 - Service requirements range from 5 to 15 years of service based on the employment category (contract) and date of hire.
- The retiree is receiving retirement benefits from the NYS Employees' Retirement System or the NYS Teachers' Retirement System

The retiree is required to make a contribution towards the cost of coverage; contributions vary not only according to employment category (contract). The District reimburses Medicare Part B premiums for retirees who met the eligibility requirements at the time of retirement. In addition, the District will reimburse Medicare Part B premiums some future retirees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	661
Active employees	600
Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	1,261

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$275,379,993 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Rate 2.5%
Projected Salary Increases 3.80%
Discount Rate 3.51%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Pre-65: 7.50% for 2018, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2027 and later years

Post-65: 8.35% for 2018, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2027 and later years

Current Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Costs

Retirees pay 0% - 30% of the cost of single/family coverage and 0% - 50% for the spouse/family based on years of service with the District.

Future Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Costs

Retirees pay 0% - 30% of the cost of single/family coverage and 0% - 50% for the spouse/family based on years of service with the District.

The discount rate was based on a review of the yield derived from the Bond Buyer 20 GO Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2018 from the central year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$247,322,902
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	8,436,544
Interest	9,799,973
Changes of benefit terms	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(959,865)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	15,889,259
Benefit payments	(5,108,820)
Net Changes	28,057,091
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 275,379,993

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.51 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.51 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	I	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.51%)		(3.51%)	(4.51%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 327,372,265	\$	275,379,993	\$ 234,306,131

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Cur	rent Health Care	1%
	Decrease	Co	st Trend Rates	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 227,876,198	\$	275,379,993	\$ 337,624,604

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$17,998,312. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

		erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,939,038	\$	818,083				
Changes of assumptions or other inputs District's contributions subsequent		15,098,079		19,345,535				
to the measurement date	i.	5,565,972		0				
Total	\$	30,603,089	\$	20,163,618				

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2021	\$ (238,205)
2022	(238,205)
2023	(238,205)
2024	(238,205)
2025	3,837,005
Thereafter	1,989,314

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT.

General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

Pool, Non-Risk Retained

The District participates in the Orange/Ulster School District Health Plan, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of 21 individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of the limit, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.

A. The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The District does not accrue a liability for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave, since payment is based on an uncontrollable future event (sickness). In accordance with the provisions of GASB #16, the value for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave is considered a contingent liability. The District reports \$0 for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave.

B. One of the contractors on the District's additions and renovations to Round Hill Elementary School commenced an action against the District seeking damages of \$707,991 for alleged breach of contract related to delays in the progress of work on the project. The District's position is that delay damages are barred by the contract. The District moved to dismiss the claim but the court denied the motion. The District is appealing this decision and is preparing to answer the complaint. The District currently has \$725,000 reserved in the General Fund for liability claims.

NOTE 13. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. Encumbrances of appropriations of budgets for the year ended June 30, 2020 have been included in the assigned fund balance of the General Fund and in the restricted fund balance of all other funds at June 30, 2020 as follows:

General Fund	\$ 2,006,487
School Lunch Fund	12,458
Special Aid Fund	 22,911
Total Encumbrances	\$ 2,041,856

NOTE 14. DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS.

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purpose of student scholarships and awards.

The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS.

The District negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The District has a tax abatement agreement with one entity as of June 30, 2020 and the amount received under this arrangement was \$60,129. The amount of the abated tax could not be determined.

NOTE 15. TAX ABATEMENTS. (Continued)

The agreement was negotiated under municipal law, allowing localities to abate property taxes for a variety of development purposes, including business relocation, retention and expansion. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to a local government's geographic area. Localities may grant abatements up to 50% of annual property taxes through a direct reduction of the entity's property tax bill. The municipal law does not provide for the recapture of abated taxes in the event an abatement recipient does not fulfill the commitment it makes in return for the tax abatement.

The District has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce property taxes. The District is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities.

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The District has evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2020, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

On August 13, 2020, Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the FY 2021 First Quarterly State Budget Financial Plan Update which notes that, in the absence of Federal action since enactment of the FY 2021 budget, DOB began withholding 20 percent of most local aid payments in June, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions, depending on the size and timing of new Federal aid, if any.

In July, DOB began approving General Support for Public Schools (GSPS) payments to school districts (including 3609-a General Aid, 3609-b Excess Cost Aid, and 3609-d BOCES Aid payments) at 80% of the otherwise scheduled amounts.

DOB's Updated Financial Plan includes \$8.2 billion in recurring local aid reductions, and states that the earliest DOB expects to transmit a detailed aid-to-localities reduction plan to the Legislature is late in the second quarter of the State's FY 2021, and that, in the absence of unrestricted Federal aid, DOB will continue to withhold a range of payments through the second quarter of FY 2021.

No other significant subsequent events have been identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017
Service Cost Interest Cost Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments	\$ 8,436,544 9,799,973 (959,865) 15,889,259 (5,108,820)	\$ 8,562,668 8,697,649 (3,982,400) 2,162,392 (4,967,957)	\$ 10,288,062 7,553,558 0 (33,397,982) (4,651,628)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	28,057,091 247,322,902	10,472,352 236,850,550	(20,207,990) 257,058,540
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$275,379,993	\$247,322,902	\$ 236,850,550
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 47,938,623	\$ 43,754,410	\$ 39,137,655
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	574.44%	565.25%	605.17%

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

06/30/19	3.51%
06/30/18	3.87%
06/30/17	3.58%
06/30/16	2.85%

Underlying claims were updated to reflect the most recent claims experience for the 6/30/19 period.

For the 6/30/19 period, the mortality assumption was the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2018 varying based on Bargaining Unit Classification.

For the 6/30/19 period, the salary scale was updated to service-based tables from ERS and TRS.

For the 6/30/19 period, healthcare cost trend rates were updated based on national average information from a variety of sources, including S&P Healthcare Economic Index, NHCE data, plan renewal data, and vendor Rx reports, with adjustments based on provisions of the benefits sponsored by the District.

*GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2018, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

REVENUES		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	CURRENT YEAR'S REVENUES		R (UNDER) L BUDGET
LOCAL SOURCES:							
Real Property Taxes	\$	58,022,464	\$	58,022,464	\$ 58,082,276	\$	59,812
Other Tax Items		164,737		164,737	202,097		37,360
Charges for Services		838,750		838,750	1,127,412		288,662
Use of Money & Property		257,000		257,000	718,400		461,400
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		20,000		20,000	140,788		120,788
Miscellaneous		200,000		224,577	643,451		418,874
STATE SOURCES		37,202,664		37,202,664	38,189,896		987,232
FEDERAL SOURCES		119,000		119,000	 218,281		99,281
TOTAL REVENUES		96,824,615		96,849,192	99,322,601	\$	2,473,409
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Operating Transfers In		520,000		520,000	520,000		
Appropriated Fund Balance and Reserves		7,990,647		8,739,990	0		
TOTAL REVENUES &	-		-		 _		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$	105,335,262	\$	106,109,182	\$ 99,842,601		

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET			CURRENT YEAR'S PENDITURES	ENCU	JMBRANCES	NCUMBERED BALANCE
EXPENDITURES	-		-		0				
GENERAL SUPPORT:									
Board of Education	\$	65,214	\$	74,754	\$	43,757	\$	17,792	\$ 13,205
Central Administration		324,399		358,267		348,671		0	9,596
Finance		782,799		789,372		728,116		28,458	32,798
Staff		640,764		761,270		708,145		30,546	22,579
Central Services		7,544,943		7,266,238		5,667,931		902,965	695,342
Special Items		1,108,433		1,053,986		986,179		41,786	26,021
INSTRUCTIONAL:									
Instruction, Administration & Improvement		4,224,542		3,895,469		3,660,966		18,257	216,246
Teaching – Regular School		25,337,200		25,314,410		24,335,575		117,092	861,743
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions		14,547,884		15,528,195		15,007,729		167,217	353,249
Occupational Education		2,867,710		2,733,026		2,695,964		0	37,062
Teaching - Special Schools		142,693		137,864		123,897		0	13,967
Instructional Media		2,208,589		2,726,447		2,410,955		285,961	29,531
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION		6,900,569		6,553,500		5,666,371		238,926	648,203
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		26,515,194		26,854,773		26,673,365		25,546	155,862
DEBT SERVICE:									
Debt Service – Principal		3,057,539		5,020,159		5,020,159		0	0
Debt Service – Interest	fi	4,316,516		2,157,468		2,135,026		0	22,442
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		105,110,262		105,826,953		100,372,260		2,006,487	3,448,206
OTHER USES:									
Operating Transfers Out	8	225,000		282,229		282,228		0	11
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	\$	105,335,262	\$	106,109,182		100,654,488	\$	2,006,487	\$ 3,448,207
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES					\$	(811,887)			

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	3/31/2020 3/31/2019 3/31/2			3/31/2017	3/31/2016
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0254090%	0.0248260%	0.0267989%	0.0273000%	0.0285000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (6,728,455)	\$ (1,759,001)	\$ (864,921)	\$ (2,567,886)	\$ (4,581,293)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,335,110	\$ 7,895,414	\$ 8,166,663	\$ 8,177,417	\$ 8,016,964
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-80.72%	-22.28%	-10.59%	-31.40%	-57.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%
NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*					
	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.212044%	0.209697%	0.216767%	0.220000%	0.223000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 5,508,925	\$ 3,791,884	\$ 1,647,642	\$ (2,359,304)	\$ 23,185,564
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 35,393,644	\$ 34,157,370	\$ 35,067,968	\$ 34,481,842	\$ 33,530,724
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	15.56%	11.10%	4.70%	-6.84%	69.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that the year of implementation was 6/30/14, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	3/31/2020	3/31/2019	3/31/2018	3/31/2017	3/31/2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,162,412	\$ 1,168,347	\$ 1,207,465	\$ 1,142,461	\$ 1,404,132
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,162,412	1,168,347	1,207,465	1,142,461	1,404,132
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,335,110	\$ 7,895,414	\$ 8,166,663	\$ 8,177,417	\$ 8,016,964
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.95%	14.80%	14.79%	13.97%	17.51%
	Pension Plan scal Years*				
	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,758,805	\$ 3,347,422	\$ 4,109,966	\$ 4,572,292	\$ 5,877,935
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,758,805	3,347,422	4,109,966	4,572,292	5,877,935
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 35,393,644	\$ 34,157,370	\$ 35,067,968	\$ 34,481,842	\$ 33,530,724
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that the year of implementation was 6/30/14, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT – GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

ADOPTED BUDGET		\$ 103,048,857
ADDITIONS:		
Encumbrances from Prior Year		2,286,405
ORIGINAL BUDGET		105,335,262
BUDGET REVISIONS:		
Budget Amendments for Appropriation from Reserves:		
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve		765,000
Budget Amendment for Grants and Donations:		
Instruction		8,920
REVISED BUDGET		\$ 106,109,182
REVISED BUDGET		\$ 100,107,162
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION		
2020-2021 Voter-approved expenditure budget maximum allowed		
(4% of 2020–2021 budget, \$106,875,135)		\$ 4,275,005
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		
Unrestricted Fund Balance:		
Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 5,506,487	
Unassigned Fund Balance	5,427,699	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	10,934,186	
Less:		
Appropriated Fund Balance	3,500,000	
Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance	2,006,487	
Total Adjustments	5,506,487	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 5,427,699
Actual Percentage		5.08%

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				EXPENDITURES TO DATE								ME	METHODS OF FINANCING					FUND		
	ORIGIN	AL	REVISED		PRIOR CU		URRENT			UNEXPENDED BALANCE		PROCEEDS FROM DEBT		STATE & LOCAL SOURCES		TOTAL		BA	LANCE	
	APPROPRI.	ATION	APPROPRIATION		YEARS		YEAR		TOTAL									JUNE 30, 2020		
Buses	\$ 1,6	35,000	\$ 1,635,000	\$	1,624,536	\$	0	\$	1,624,536	\$	10,464	\$	1,415,000	\$	209,536	\$	1,624,536	\$	0	
Buses	ç	49,827	949,827		949,827		0		949,827		0		0		949,827		949,827		0	
Construction and Reconstruction	59,9	95,174	59,995,174		46,575,874		9,894,092		56,469,966		3,525,208		47,842,620		10,194,202		58,036,822		1,566,856	
Smart School Bond Act	2,8	62,021	2,862,021		0		2,258,352		2,258,352		603,669		0		1,959,516		1,959,516		(298,836)	
Capital Outlay Project	1	00,000	100,000		0		0	0		100,000		0,000		100,000		0 100,000			100,000	
	\$ 65,5	42,022	\$ 65,542,022	\$	49,150,237	\$	12,152,444	\$	61,302,681	\$	4,239,341	\$	49,257,620	\$	13,413,081	\$	62,670,701	\$	1,368,020	

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		\$ 101,056,920
ADDITIONS:		
Deferred Charges on Refunding	\$ 26,656	
Total Additions		26,656
DEDUCTIONS:	*	
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable	\$ 5,011,964	
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable	56,172,707	
Short-term Portion of Installment Debt	373,824	
Total Deductions		(61,558,495)
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		\$ 39,525,081

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	DATE OF ORIGINAL ISSUE	MATURITY	INTEREST RATE	OUTSTANDING BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	ISSUED DURING YEAR	PAID DURING YEAR	OUTSTANDING END OF YEAR	AMOUNT OF INTEREST PAID DURING FISCAL YEAR	AMOUNT OF INTEREST ACCRUED AT JUNE 30, 2020
BONDS PAYABLE									
35 Serial Bond – Buses	2016	2020	1.625%	\$ 200,000	\$ 0	\$ 200,000	\$ 0	\$ 1,625	\$ 0
36 Serial Bond – Buses	2017	2022	2.000%	525,000	0	150,000	375,000	9,000	2,199
38 Serial Bond – Buses	2018	2022	2.500%	710,000	0	170,000	540,000	16,081	3,958
32 Serial Bond – Advanced Refunding	2014	2019	2.250%	205,000	0	205,000	0	2,306	0
29 Serial Bond - Advanced Refunding	2012	2022	2.000%	325,000	0	105,000	220,000	7,188	1,290
33 Serial Bond – Advanced Refunding	2014	2029	4.000%	7,285,000	0	620,000	6,665,000	286,250	121,248
22 Serial Bond – District Wide	2007	2023	2.000%	1,655,000	0	1,655,000	0	44,243	0
26 Serial Bond – Reconstruction	2009	2024	2.000%	1,880,000	0	1,880,000	0	61,515	0
39 Serial Bond – Reconstruction	2019	2039	2.500%	46,802,620	0	1,962,620	44,840,000	1,470,391	46,068
37 Serial Bond – Library	2017	2031	5.000%	6,000,000	0	500,000	5,500,000	223,750	11,301
40 Serial Bond - Advanced Refunding	2020	2023	1.000%	0	3,035,000	350,000	2,685,000	0_	12,211
Total Bonds				65,587,620	3,035,000	7,797,620	60,825,000	2,122,349	198,275
INSTALLMENT DEBT									
18 Energy Performance Contract	05/09/13	05/09/21	1.700%	741,363	0	367,539	373,824	12,677	888
Total Installment Debt				741,363	0	367,539	373,824	12,677	888
TOTAL INDEBTEDNESS				\$ 66,328,983	\$ 3,035,000	\$ 8,165,159	\$ 61,198,824	\$ 2,135,026	\$ 199,163

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992 Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Washingtonville Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washingtonville Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Washingtonville Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York

Mugant + Hourseler, P.C.

September 30, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992 101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

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Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Washingtonville Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Washingtonville Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Washingtonville Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Washingtonville Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Washingtonville Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Washingtonville Central School District's compliance.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District

Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Washingtonville Central School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Washingtonville Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York

Mugant + Hourseler, P.C.

September 30, 2020

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	THROU	PASSED THROUGH TO UBRECIPIENTS		EXPENDITURES	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION							
Passed-through NYS Education Department:							
Special Education Cluster:							
IDEA – Part B, Section 611	84.027A	0032-20-0675	\$	72,504	\$	888,824	
IDEA – Part B, Section 619	84.173A	0033-20-0675		17,368		38,305	
Total Special Education Cluster				89,872		927,129	
Title I Parts A&D, Basic Program	84.010A	0021-19-2220		0		15,252	
Title I Parts A&D, Basic Program	84.010A	0021-19-2290		0		346,339	
Title I School Improvement	84.010A	0011-19-2198		7,395		13,784	
Title I School Improvement	84.010A	0011-20-2198		62,086		102,714	
Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	0147-19-2220		0		21,079	
Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	0147-19-2220		71,133		74,800	
Title III Part A, LEP	84.365A	0293-19-2220		6,000		11,842	
Title IV Part A, Safe and Drug Free Schools	84.424A	0204-19-2220		21,037		23,909	
Title IV Part A, Safe and Drug Free Schools	84.424A	0204-20-2220		11,149		11,149	
Total Passed-through NYS Education Department				268,672		1,547,997	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				268,672		1,547,997	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE							
Passed-through NYS Education Department:							
Child Nutrition Cluster: Cash Assistance							
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A		0		380,238	
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A		0		98,179	
	10.000	****					
Cash Assistance Subtotal				0		478,417	
Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution)							
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.555	N/A		0		103,530	
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				0		581,947	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED			\$	268,672	\$	2,129,944	

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

NOTE 2. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE.

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted \$103,530 of commodities under the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CFDA 10.555).

NOTE 3. OTHER DISCLOSURES.

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of Auditor's Opinion Issued: Unmodified	
Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes _X_ None Reporte
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal Control over Major Programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes _X_ None Reporte
Type of Auditor's Opinion Issued on Compliance for Major Programs: Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-200.516(a)??	Yes <u>X</u> No
IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS:	
CFDA NUMBERS 10.553, 10.555 NAME OF FEDERAL PROC Child Nutrition Cluster	GRAM OR CLUSTER
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B I	programs: \$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no findings relating to the financial statements which were required to be reported.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

B. Compliance Findings

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds of Washingtonville Central School District, which comprise of the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balance—cash basis as of June 30, 2020, and the related statement of receipts and disbursements—cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Washingtonville Central School District

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balance – cash basis of the extraclassroom activity funds of Washingtonville Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and its receipts and disbursements – cash basis for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Montgomery, New York

Mugant + Hourseles, P.C.

September 30, 2020

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE – CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash \$ 121,632

FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$ 128,575

Excess of Disbursements over Receipts (6,943)

Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 121,632

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND - HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		CASH						CASH
		LANCE			BALANCE			
	JUNI	E 30, 2019	RECEIPTS		DISBUF	RSEMENTS	JUNI	E 30, 2020
CI COOLO	Ф	2.542	Ф	0	Ф	2.542	Φ	0
Class of 2019	\$	3,543	\$	0	\$	3,543	\$	0
Class of 2020		4,404		1,386		5,790		0
Class of 2021		3,960		1,631		1,762		3,829
Class of 2022		1,116		1,369		393		2,092
Class of 2023		0		1,204		390		814
AAADA		114		0		0		114
Community Service Club		0		2,403		164		2,239
Drama Club		31,971		19,193		23,534		27,630
E-Sports		0		1,175		916		259
Foreign Language Honor Society		2,885		5,882		5,858		2,909
Gems In Stem		70		0		0		70
GSA		189		0		0		189
Jr. Community Service Club		570		1,608		1,124		1,054
JROTC		4,090		5,115		3,560		5,645
Language Club		1,214		0		0		1,214
Literary Magazine		2,034		0		383		1,651
Math Honor Society		639		35		132		542
Memorial Park Maintenance Club		83		0		0		83
National Art Honor Society		1,350		5,038		4,099		2,289
National Honor Society		2,540		7,529		5,278		4,791
National Junior Honor Society		2,766		0		57		2,709
Newspaper Club		60		0		0		60
Science Honor Society		1,546		0		0		1,546
Spirit of Giving		891		3,955		2,459		2,387
Student Coalition		19,847		91,362		87,541		23,668
Wizards Against Cancer		381		0		23		358
Wizards Care		792		347		1,100		39
Yearbook		10,025		1,500		68		11,457
	\$	97,080	\$	150,732	\$	148,174	\$	99,638

See notes to financial statements.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND - MIDDLE SCHOOL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	BA	CASH LANCE 2 30, 2019	CE		RSEMENTS	CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020		
Drama Club Language Club Recycle Club Student Council Yearbook	\$	3,497 349 364 19,755 7,530	\$	0 0 245 2,033	\$	5,678 0 0 5,151 950	\$	(2,181) 349 609 16,637 6,580
	\$	31,495	\$	2,278	\$	11,779	\$	21,994

See notes to financial statements.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of Washingtonville Central School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund balances within the fiduciary funds of the financial statements. The separate audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of this fund are controlled by student management.
- (b) The books and records of Washingtonville Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed.
- (c) The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. All receipts are collected by the student activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management.