WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 INCLUDING REPORTS ON FEDERAL AWARDS AND EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992 Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA

Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Washingtonville Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washingtonville Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Washingtonville Central School District, as of June 30, 2022, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Washingtonville Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, management has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Washingtonville Central School District

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Washingtonville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Washingtonville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplemental information on pages 4–14 and 64–68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management

Washingtonville Central School District

about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Washingtonville Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on pages 69-72 are required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules on pages 69-72 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2022 on our consideration of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Montgomery, New York

Mugant + Hamesles, P.C.

October 27, 2022

Management Discussion and Analysis

Introductory Section

The following is a discussion and analysis of Washingtonville Central School District's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of Washingtonville Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or custodian for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Figure A-1 Major Fea	tures of the District-Wide and		ial Statements
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/ liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if applicable), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial
 position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or custodian, for assets that belong to others, such as the
 scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets
 reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong.
 The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these
 assets to finance its operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at June 30, 2022 is a deficit of \$205,637,248. This is a \$8,338,194 decrease in net position from last year's deficit net position of \$197,299,054. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Summary of Net Position

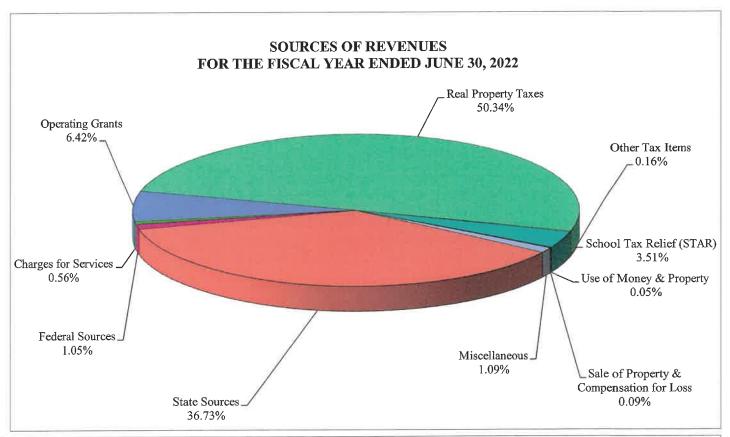
	Sc	chool District Activities	1
		As Restated	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	% Change
Current Assets	\$ 45,199,110	\$ 43,781,246	3.24%
Pension Asset	36,680,940	0	N/A
Right to Use Assets	166,920	400,517	-58.32%
Capital Assets, Net	103,880,628	100,373,885	3.49%
Deferred Outflows	76,879,319	79,336,695	-3.10%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	262,806,917	223,892,343	17.38%
Current Liabilities	7,286,503	11,587,909	-37.12%
Pension Liability	0	6,078,179	-100.00%
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	404,321,176	377,249,473	7.18%
Deferred Inflows	56,836,486_	26,275,836	116.31%
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	468,444,165	421,191,397	11.22%
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	52,301,800	44,220,126	18.28%
Restricted	57,852,169	19,771,244	192.61%
Unrestricted	(315,791,217)	(261,290,424)	-20.86%
Total Net Position	\$ (205,637,248)	\$ (197,299,054)	-4.23%

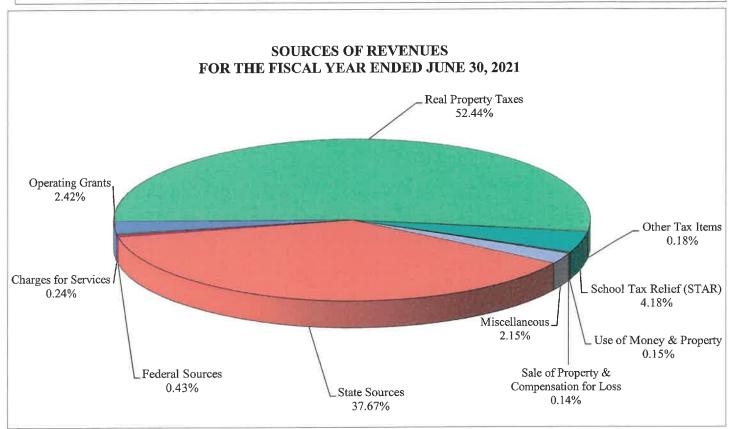
The following table and supporting graphs provides a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2022:

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

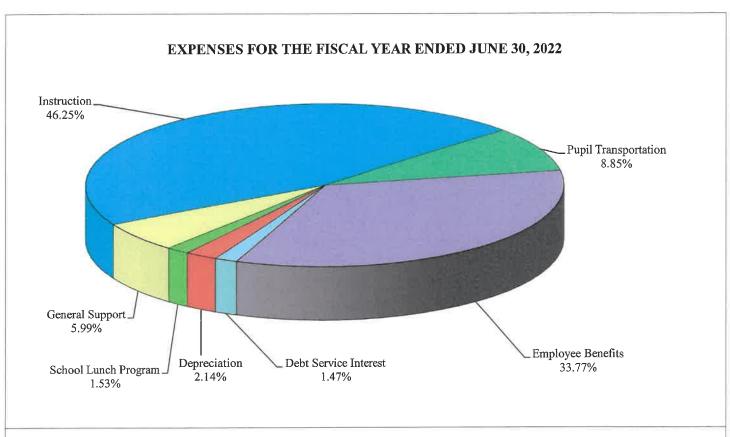
	JUNE 30, 2022	%	JUNE 30, 2021	%	\$ Change	% Change
REVENUES						
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ 637,889	0.56%	\$ 252,280	0.24%	\$ 385,609	152.85%
Operating Grants	7,255,907	6.42%	2,531,022	2.42%	4,724,885	186.68%
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	56,836,642	50.34%	54,906,191	52.44%	1,930,451	3.52%
Other Tax Items	177,717	0.16%	185,185	0.18%	(7,468)	-4.03%
School Tax Relief (STAR)	3,965,133	3.51%	4,374,354	4.18%	(409,221)	-9.36%
Use of Money & Property	60,701	0.05%	153,471	0.15%	(92,770)	-60.45%
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	101,437	0.09%	149,166	0.14%	(47,729)	-32.00%
Miscellaneous	1,226,809	1.09%	2,249,362	2.15%	(1,022,553)	-45.46%
State Sources	41,486,311	36.73%	39,436,400	37.67%	2,049,911	5.20%
Federal Sources	1,191,376	1.05%	447,342	0.43%	744,034	166.32%
TOTAL REVENUES	112,939,922	100.00%	104,684,773	100.00%	8,255,149	7.89%
EXPENSES						
General Support	7,263,037	5.99%	7,128,456	6.02%	134,581	1.89%
Instruction	56,097,094	46.25%	49,796,536	42.04%	6,300,558	12.65%
Pupil Transportation	10,727,612	8.85%	7,033,209	5.94%	3,694,403	52.53%
Employee Benefits	40,956,191	33.77%	49,407,820	41.71%	(8,451,629)	-17.11%
Debt Service Interest	1,784,832	1.47%	1,940,711	1.64%	(155,879)	-8.03%
Depreciation	2,589,985	2.14%	2,134,881	1.80%	455,104	21.32%
School Lunch Program	1,859,365	1.53%	1,010,212	0.85%	849,153	84.06%
TOTAL EXPENSES	121,278,116	100.00%	118,451,825	100.00%	2,826,291	2.39%
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	\$ (8,338,194)		\$ (13,767,052)		\$ 5,428,858	

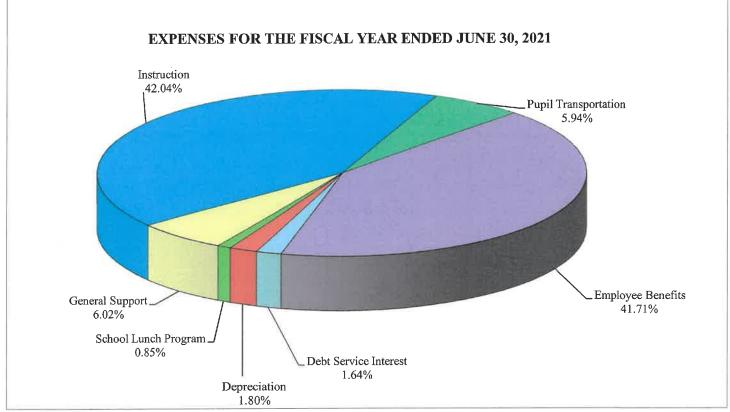
WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK





WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

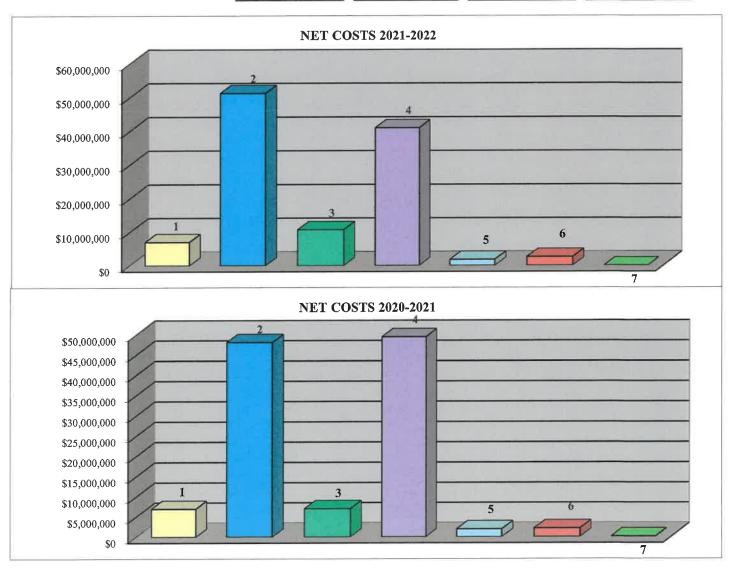




WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NET COSTS

The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:

	OI	F SERVICES	0	F SERVICES	0	F SERVICES	0	NET COST F SERVICES 2020-2021
1	\$	7,263,037	\$	7,016,603	\$	7,128,456	\$	6,957,295
2		56,097,094		51,216,702		49,796,536		48,075,226
3		10,727,612		10,727,612		7,033,209		7,033,209
4		40,956,191		40,956,191		49,407,820		49,407,820
5		1,784,832		1,784,832		1,940,711		1,940,711
6		2,589,985		2,589,985		2,134,881		2,134,881
7		1,859,365		(907,605)		1,010,212		119,381
	\$	121,278,116	\$	113,384,320	\$	118,451,825	\$	115,668,523
	3 4 5	Ol \$ \$ 2 3 4 5 6 7	2 56,097,094 10,727,612 4 40,956,191 5 1,784,832 6 2,589,985 7 1,859,365	OF SERVICES 2021-2022 1 \$ 7,263,037 \$ 56,097,094 10,727,612 40,956,191 1,784,832 2,589,985 7 1,859,365	OF SERVICES 2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2021-2022 1 \$ 7,263,037 \$ 7,016,603 56,097,094 51,216,702 10,727,612 10,727,612 4 40,956,191 40,956,191 5 1,784,832 1,784,832 6 2,589,985 2,589,985 7 1,859,365 (907,605)	OF SERVICES 2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2021-2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2021-2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2021-2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2021-2021-2021-2021-2021-2021-2021-2021	OF SERVICES 2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2020-2021 1 \$ 7,263,037 \$ 7,016,603 \$ 7,128,456 2 56,097,094 51,216,702 49,796,536 3 10,727,612 10,727,612 7,033,209 4 40,956,191 40,956,191 49,407,820 5 1,784,832 1,784,832 1,940,711 6 2,589,985 2,589,985 2,134,881 7 1,859,365 (907,605) 1,010,212	OF SERVICES 2021-2022 OF SERVICES 2020-2021 1 \$ 7,263,037 \$ 7,016,603 \$ 7,128,456 \$ 2021-2022



Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The total fund balances allocated between nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows:

	Nonsp	endable	Com	mitted	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 17,509,769	\$ 6,605,878	\$ 6,017,317	\$ 30,132,964
Special Aid		0		0	0	0	(206,292)	(206,292)
School Lunch		73,568		0	304,458	0	0	378,026
Capital Projects		0		0	2,440,276	0	0	2,440,276
Debt Service	10	0		0_	916,726	0	0	916,726
	\$	73,568	\$	0	\$ 21,171,229	\$ 6,605,878	\$ 5,811,025	\$ 33,661,700
					June 30	0, 2021		
	Nonsp	endable	Com	mitted	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 17,509,769	\$ 5,997,710	\$ 6,804,239	\$ 30,311,718
Special Aid		0		0	0	0	(76,413)	(76,413)
School Lunch		46,740		0	0	0	(341,158)	(294,418)
Capital Projects		0		0	1,345,206	0	0	1,345,206

916,269

\$ 19,771,244

0

\$ 5,997,710

0

6,386,668

916,269

\$ 32,202,362

June 30, 2022

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Debt Service

The original budget for the General Fund was revised by \$992,386 during the year. The supplemental appropriations consisted of \$992,386 from emergency connectivity funds.

0

0

In the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022, actual revenues were greater than revised budgeted revenues by \$1,083,973 (1.05%). Revenue sources most significantly greater than the budgeted amount were in the miscellaneous classification due to unanticipated refunds of BOCES surplus. State Aid also exceeded the amount budgeted. Actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than the revised budgeted expenditures by \$6,952,598 (6.19%). The most significant unencumbered balances related to teaching-regular school, programs for children with handicapping conditions, employee benefits and pupil transportation.

For the year 2022-2023, the District appropriated \$5,000,000 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy.

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- New York State Aid revenues may be affected due to state wide budget constraints.
- Employee benefits, including health benefits and teachers' and employees' retirement continue to rise.
- Current economic conditions are expected to reduce future revenues and increase costs.
- Costs related to pandemic instructional and safety needs.

0

\$

46,740

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Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Management believes that the budget adopted for 2022-2023 should be adaptable to any adverse changes that may arise based on the above factors.

New York State Legislature contains legislation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 that established a "property tax cap" on the amount that a school district's property tax levy can increase each year. This legislation specifies that property taxes levied by a school district generally cannot increase by more than two percent, or the rate of inflation, whichever is less. The law does allow school districts to levy an additional amount for certain excludable expenditures. School districts can adopt a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit if the budget that is presented to the public is approved by sixty percent of the votes cast.

Other Fund Highlights

The Special Aid Fund ended the year with a deficit fund balance of \$206,292. This is the result of some Summer Special Education cost not being reimbursed.

The School Lunch Program Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$378,206. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$672,444 due to COVID related funding.

The Capital Projects Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$2,440,276. The current year expenditures were related to ongoing District-Wide Reconstruction. The current year revenues consisted primarily of Installment Debt proceeds.

Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$916,726. Revenues exceed expenditures by \$457.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022 was \$ 103,880,628. The total increase in this net investment was 3.49% for the District as a whole (see schedule below). The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021, was \$ 100,373,885. The District expended \$5,863,131 to acquire and construct capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2022, and depreciation expense for the year was \$2,356,388.

CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		School Distri	ict A	tivities	
	Jı	ine 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	% Change
Non-Depreciable Assets:					
Land	\$	6,891,876	\$	6,891,876	0.00%
Construction in Progress		62,994,524		59,149,968	6.50%
Depreciable Assets:					
Building and Improvements		19,728,602		28,758,273	-31.40%
Furniture and Equipment		3,811,355		886,716	329.83%
Vehicles		10,454,271		4,687,052	123.05%
TOTALS	\$	103,880,628	\$	100,373,885	3.49%

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the year, the District had total debt outstanding of \$56,032,412. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of Washingtonville Central School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in long-term debt outstanding during the year was as follows:

Begi	nning Balance	Issued		Paid	En	ding Balance
\$	200,000	\$ 0	\$	200,000	\$	0
	365,000	0		180,000		185,000
	110,000	0		110,000		0
	6,010,000	0		690,000		5,320,000
	42,235,000	0		2,290,000		39,945,000
	5,000,000	0		500,000		4,500,000
	1,960,000	0		760,000		1,200,000
	55,880,000	0		4,730,000		51,150,000
	403,036	4,839,626	0.54	360,250		4,882,412
\$	56,283,036	\$ 4,839,626	\$	5,090,250	\$_	56,032,412
	\$	365,000 110,000 6,010,000 42,235,000 5,000,000 1,960,000 55,880,000 403,036	\$ 200,000 \$ 0 365,000 0 110,000 0 6,010,000 0 42,235,000 0 5,000,000 0 1,960,000 0 55,880,000 0 403,036 4,839,626	\$ 200,000 \$ 0 \$ 365,000 0 0 110,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 200,000 \$ 0 \$ 200,000 365,000 0 180,000 110,000 0 110,000 6,010,000 0 690,000 42,235,000 0 2,290,000 5,000,000 0 500,000 1,960,000 0 760,000 55,880,000 0 4,730,000 403,036 4,839,626 360,250	\$ 200,000 \$ 0 \$ 200,000 \$ 365,000 0 180,000 110,000 6,010,000 0 690,000 42,235,000 0 2,290,000 5,000,000 0 500,000 1,960,000 0 760,000 55,880,000 0 4,730,000 403,036 4,839,626 360,250

Bond Ratings

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned a rating of "AA" to outstanding uninsured bonds of the District. This rating reflects only the view of such rating agency and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Moody's Investors Service. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be revised or withdrawn, if in the judgment of Moody's circumstances so warrant. Any change or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes or the availability of a secondary market for the Notes.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Sandra Clohessy, Assistant Superintendent for Business, at the District's business offices at the School's Business Offices at 52 West Main St., Washingtonville, New York 10992.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Unrestricted Cash	\$	11,626,457
Restricted Cash	Ψ	21,011,048
State & Federal Aid Receivable		5,760,562
Due from Other Governments		6,703,008
Other Receivables, Net		24,467
Inventories		73,568
Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share		36,680,940
Right to Use Assets, Net		166,920
Non Depreciable Capital Assets		69,886,400
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		33,994,228
	_	22,551,220
TOTAL ASSETS	-	185,927,598
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)		24,597,800
Other Postemployment Benefits		52,270,279
Deferred Charges on Refunding		11,240
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		76,879,319
TALDY WITE		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts Payable		594,494
Accrued Liabilities		1,808,766
Due to Other Governments		530
Due to Fiduciary Funds		2,500
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		3,876,109
Due to Employees' Retirement System		227,829
Other Liabilities		616,786
Unearned Revenues		159,489
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due and Payable Within One Year:		
Bonds Payable		4,611,964
Installment Purchase Debt		283,108
Lease Liability		83,636
Due and Payable In More Than One Year:		
Bonds Payable		46,763,778
Installment Purchase Debt		4,431,218
Lease Liability		84,450
Compensated Absences		4,995,243
Other Postemployment Benefits	-	343,067,779
TOTAL LIABILITIES		411,607,679
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)		45,614,946
Other Postemployment Benefits		11,221,540
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		56,836,486
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		52,301,800
Restricted		57,852,169
Unrestricted		(315,791,217)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(205,637,248)
		,,)

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		S	PROGRAM	REV	ENUES		
	EXPENSES		HARGES FOR ERVICES		PERATING GRANTS	R C	T (EXPENSE) REVENUE & HANGES IN ET POSITION
FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS							
General Support	\$ (13,007,392)	\$	246,434	\$	0	\$	(12,760,958)
Instruction	(91,613,512)		0		4,880,392		(86,733,120)
Pupil Transportation	(12,564,973)		0		0		(12,564,973)
Debt Service - Interest	(1,784,832)		0		0		(1,784,832)
School Lunch Program	(2,307,407)	7=	391,455		2,375,515		459,563
TOTAL FUNCTIONS							
& PROGRAMS	\$ (121,278,116)	\$	637,889	\$	7,255,907	7.	(113,384,320)
GENERAL REVENUES							
Real Property Taxes							56,836,642
Other Tax Items							4,142,850
Use of Money & Property							60,701
Sale of Property & Compensation:	for Loss						101,437
Miscellaneous							1,226,809
State Sources							41,486,311
Federal Sources							1,191,376
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES							105,046,126
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							(8,338,194)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YE	AR (As Restated)						(197,299,054)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR						\$	(205,637,248)

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

State & Federal Aid Receivable Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Other Receivables, Net Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash Inventories LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES

TOTAL ASSETS

LIABILITIES

Accrued Liabilities Accounts Payable

Due to Other Governments

Due to Teachers' Retirement System Due to Other Funds

Due to Employees' Retirement System Other Liabilities

Unearned Revenues

TOTAL LIABILITIES

FUND BALANCES

Fund Balance: (See Note 1)

Nonspendable:

Restricted: Assigned:

Unassigned:

TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES TOTAL FUND BALANCES

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	11,626,457 21,011,048 5,760,562 2,203,008 4,681,076 24,467	45,380,186	594,494	1,559,672	4,683,576	3,876,109	227,829	616,786	11,718,485	073 66	73,208	21,171,229	6,605,878	5,811,026	33,661,701
60	↔	₩	69												
DEBT	0 915,167 0 0 0 1,559	916,726	00	00	0	0	0	0 0	0	c	5	916,726	0	0	916,726
S	₩	60 C	69												
CAPITAL	0 2,440,276 0 0 0 0	2,440,276	00	0	0	0	0	00	0	c	> 1	2,440,276	0	0	2,440,276
	69	₩	€9												ŀ
SCHOOL	0 108,066 443,694 0 1,342 8,374 73,568	635,044	0 735	530	220,630	0	0 0	33,123	257,018	895 82	200,00	304,458	0		378,026
S 1	69	8	⇔												
SPECIAL AID	\$ 37,770 3,806,076 0 389,200	\$ 4,233,046	\$ 251,066	0,790	4,069,904	0	0 (0 107,572	4,439,338		> <	0	0	(206,292)	(206,292)
GENERAL	11,626,457 17,509,769 1,510,792 2,203,008 4,290,534 14,534	37,155,094	343,428	0 0	393,042	3,876,109	227,829	010,780 18,794	7,022,129	c		17,509,769	6,605,878	6,017,318	30,132,965
9	↔	₩	69												
22		ov sett							73 X					-	- 15

See notes to financial statements.

45,380,186

916,726 916,726

2,440,276 2,440,276

378,026 635,044

\$ 4,233,046

37,155,094

-17-

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	LONG-TERM ASSETS & LIABILITIES	RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
ASSETS				
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 11.626.457	G 64	6	\$ 11 626 457
Restricted Cash		,		
State & Federal Aid Receivable	5,760,562		0	5.760.562
Due from Other Governments	2,203,008	4.500.00		6 703 008
Due from Other Funds	4,681,076		(4.681.076)	000100110
Other Receivables, Net	24,467	0	`0	24 467
Inventories	73,568		0	73.568
Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share		36.680.940	0	36 680 940
Right to Use Assets, Net	0		, c	166 970
Non Depreciable Capital Assets	0	69	· c	077'501
Capital Assets, Net	0		0 0	33 994 228
SEETS IN TOTAL	701 000 37	'		
מתחמת תנואו	43,380,180	143,228,488	(4,081,070)	185,927,598
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)	0	24,597,800	0	24,597,800
Other Postemployment Benefits	0		0	52,270,279
Deferred Charges on Refunding	0		0	11,240
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	76,879,319	0	76,879,319
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 45,380,186	\$ 222,107,807	\$ (4,681,076)	\$ 262,806,917
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 594.494	\$	64	\$ 594 494
Accrued Liabilities	-	249.09		-
Due to Other Governments	530		0	530
Due to Other Funds	4.683.576		(4 683 576)	0
Due to Fiduciary Funds	0		2.500	2.500
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	3,876,109		0	3.876.109
Due to Employees' Retirement System	227,829		0	227,829
Other Liabilities	616,786	0	0	616,786
Unearned Revenues	159,489	0	0	159,489
Bonds Payable	0	51,375,742	0	51,375,742
Installment Purchase Debt	0	4,714,326	0	4,714,326
Lease Liability	0		0	168,086
Compensated Absences	0		0	4,995,243
Uther Postemployment Benefits	0	343,067,779	0	343,067,779
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,718,485	404,570,270	(4,681,076)	411,607,679
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOLUTIONS				
Pension Plans (ERS & TRS)	0	45,614,946	0	45,614,946
Other Postemployment Benefits	0		0	11,221,540
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	56,836,486	0	56,836,486
TOTAL LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,718,485	461,406,756	(4,681,076)	468,444,165
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION	33,661,701	(239,298,949)	0	(205,637,248)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FIND BALANCES / NET POSITION	380 186	\$ 732 107 807	(4 (01 020)	
		1	4,081,070	\$ 262,806,917

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		SPECIAL	ICOHOS	CABITAL	Hari	TOTAL	Ę
	GENERAL	AID	LUNCH	PROJECTS	SERVICE	FINDS	IAL
REVENUES							Î
Real Property Taxes	\$ 56,836,642	8	9	9	9	\$ 56.836.642	5.642
Other Tax Items	4,142,850	0	0	0	0		4,142,850
Charges for Services	246,434	0	0	0	0	246	246,434
Use of Money & Property	60,701	0	0	0	0)9	60,701
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	101,437	0	0	0	0	101	101,437
Miscellaneous	1,726,352	0	0	0	457	1,726	1,726,809
State Sources	40,035,519	1,415,929	34,863	0	0	41,486,311	5,311
Federal Sources	1,226,239	4,880,392	2,340,652	0	0	8,447	8,447,283
Sales	0	0	391,455	0	0	391	391,455
TOTAL REVENUES	104,376,174	6,296,321	2,766,970	0	457	113,439,922	,922
EXPENDITURES							
General Support	9,296,590	0	0	0	0	9,296	9,296,590
Instruction	50,749,847	5,494,757	0	0	0	56,244,604	1,604
Pupil Transportation	10,344,914	382,698	0	0	0	10,727,612	7,612
Employee Benefits	26,979,929	683,745	286,503	0	0	27,950,177	,177
Debt Service:							
Principal	5,090,250	0	0	0	0	5,090	5,090,250
Interest	1,807,055	0	0	0	0	1,807	1,807,055
Cost of Sales	0	0	1,859,365	0	0	1,859	,859,365
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	3,844,556	0	3,844	3,844,556
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	104,268,585	6,561,200	2,145,868	3,844,556	0	116,820,209	,209
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	107,589	(264,879)	621,102	(3,844,556)	457	(3,380,287)	(287)
OTHER SOURCES & USES							
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	0	0	0	4,839,626	0	4,839	4,839,626
Operating Transfers In	0	135,000	51,342	100,000	0	286	286,342
Operating Transfers Out	(286,342)	0	0	0	0	(286	(286,342)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES	(286,342)	135,000	51,342	4,939,626	0	4,839,626	,626
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	(178,753)	(129,879)	672,444	1,095,070	457	1,459,339	,339
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	30,311,718	(76,413)	(294,418)	1,345,206	916,269	32,202,362	362
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 30,132,965	\$ (206,292)	\$ 378,026	\$ 2,440,276	\$ 916,726	\$ 33,661,701	,701

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	GOVE	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	LONG-TERM REVENUE & EXPENSES	CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS	RECLASSIFICATIONS & FLIMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF
Real Property Taxes	69	56,836,642	9	9	9	\$	\$ 56 836 642
Other Tax Items		4,142,850	0	0			
Charges for Services		246,434	0	0	0	0	246 434
Use of Money & Property		60,701	0	0	0	0	60.701
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		101,437	0	0	0	0	101.437
Miscellaneous		1,726,809	0	0	(500,000)	0	1 226 809
State Sources		41,486,311	0	0	0	0	41 486 311
Federal Sources		8,447,283	0	0	0	0	8,447,283
	3)	391,455	0	0	0	0	391,455
TOTAL REVENUES		113,439,922	0	0	(500,000)	0	112,939,922
EXPENDITURES							
General Support		9,296,590	(14,978)	303,199	0	3,422,581	13,007,392
Instruction		56,244,604	(147,510)	1,888,755	0	33,627,663	91,613,512
Pupil Transportation		10,727,612	0	337,390	0	1,499,971	12.564.973
Employee Benefits		27,950,177	13,006,014		0	(40,956,191)	0
Debt Service:							•
Principal		5,090,250	0	0	(5,090,250)	0	0
Interest		1,807,055	37,033	0	(59,256)	0	1,784,832
Cost of Sales		1,859,365	0	60,641	0	387,401	2,307,407
Capital Outlay		3,844,556	0	(5,863,131)	0	2,018,575	0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		116,820,209	12,880,559	(3,273,146)	(5,149,506)	0	121,278,116
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,380,287)	(12,880,559)	3,273,146	4,649,506	0	(8,338,194)
OTHER SOURCES & USES							
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		4,839,626	0	0	(4,839,626)	0	0
Operating Transfers In		286,342	0	0	0	(286,342)	0
Operating Transfers Out		(286,342)	0	0	0	286,342	0
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		4,839,626	0	0	(4,839,626)	0	0
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$	1,459,339	\$ (12,880,559)	\$ 3,273,146	\$ (190,120)	8	\$ (8,338,194)

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	PU	RIVATE JRPOSE RUSTS	CU	STODIAL
Cash Due from Other Funds	\$	60,662	\$	183,023 2,500
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	60,662	\$	185,523
NET POSITION				
Reserved for Individuals, Organizations or Other Governments		60,662	_\$	185,523
NET POSITION		60,662	\$	185,523

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		IVATE RPOSE		
	TI	RUSTS	CU	STODIAL_
ADDITIONS	-			
	\$	800	\$	0
Gifts and Contributions	Ф		Ф	
Investment Earnings		27		0
Student Trust Receipts		0		119,165
Extra Classroom Receipts		0		287,042
Library Levy		0		2,007,339
TOTAL ADDITIONS		827		2,413,546
TOTAL ADDITIONS	-	027	7	2,113,310
DEDUCTIONS				
Scholarships & Awards		5,000		0
Student Trust Disbursements		0		112,720
Extra Classroom Disbursements		0		285,973
Remittance to Library		0		2,007,339
•				
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		5,000		2,406,032
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(4,173)		7,514
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		64,835		178,009
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	60,662	\$	185,523

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The financial statements of Washingtonville Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Where comparative amounts are presented, certain reclassifications may have been made to the prior year amounts so that they would be in conformity with the current year's presentation. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Washingtonville Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 7 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds have been included in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in a custodial fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Orange Ulster County Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, Washingtonville Central School District was billed \$12,761,685 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,609,026. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 53 Gibson Road, Goshen, NY 10924.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Funds Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or custodian for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Private purpose trust funds: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Custodial funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as custodian for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1 and became a lien on August 16, 2021. Taxes were collected by the District during the period September 1, 2021 through November 2, 2021.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Orange in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

G. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 11 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, pension accruals, other postemployment benefit accruals, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items (Continued)

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

M. Right to Use Assets

A right of use asset is a lessee's right to use an asset over the life of the lease. Right to use assets are reported at present value.

N. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 2002, estimated historical costs based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction-in-process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	Capi	talization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Th	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	Straight Line	20 years
Buildings and Improvements		5,000	Straight Line	20 - 50 years
Furniture and Equipment		5,000	Straight Line	5 - 15 years
Vehicles		5,000	Straight Line	8 years

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second deferred outflow is related to other

JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

O. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued) postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position. The third deferred outflow is related to deferred charges associated with a bond refunding.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district — wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second is related to other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Net Position.

P. Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Unavailable revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned/unavailable revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

Statute provides the authority for the District to levy taxes to be used to finance expenditures within the first 120 days of the succeeding year. Consequently, such amounts are recognized as revenue in the subsequent year, rather than when measurable and available.

Unavailable revenues recorded in governmental funds are typically adjusted and not included in the district-wide statements.

Q. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical/personal time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

Q. Vested Employee Benefits (Continued)

1. Compensated Absences (Continued)

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

2. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's full-time employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T. Equity Classifications

1. District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position – reports net position when constraints placed on the position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2. Fund Statements

In the governmental fund statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable: Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes inventory in the School Lunch Fund of \$73,568.

<u>Restricted</u>: Constraints have been imposed on the use of these amounts either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- T. Equity Classifications (Continued)
 - 2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Tax Certiorari Reserve

Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the General fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Workers' Compensation

Reserve for Workers Compenation (GML §6-j) must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Liability Claims and Property Loss Reserve Funds

According to Education Law §1709(8) (c), must be used to pay for liability claims and property loss incurred. Separate funds for liability claims and property loss are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts with a population under 125,000. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- T. Equity Classifications (Continued)
 - 2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions to the Employees Retirement System (ERS). This reserve is established by Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Effective April 1,2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teacher's Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

Insurance Reserve Fund

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, all expenditures made from the insurance reserve fund must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

T. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2022 consisted of:

General Fund:

Workers' Compensation Reserve	\$	871,391
Unemployment Insurance Reserve		47,853
Insurance Reserve		625,665
Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve		1,300,000
Tax Certiorari Reserve		1,604,047
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve		6,006,657
Retirement Contribution Reserve - ERS		4,972,541
Retirement Contribution Reserve - TRS		2,081,615
School Lunch Fund		304,458
Capital Fund		2,440,276
Debt Service Fund		916,726
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 2	21,171,229

<u>Committed</u>: Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The District did not classify any of its fund balance as committed as of June 30, 2022.

Assigned: Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. By reporting particular amounts that are not restricted or committed in the governmental funds other than the General Fund, the District has assigned those amounts to the purposes of the respective funds. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund includes \$1,605,879 assigned for specific purposes through the issuance of purchase orders that encumbered the budget for the year ended June 30, 2022. This assignment is made when purchase orders are approved by the Purchasing Agent who is designated each year by the Board of Education at its annual reorganizational meeting pursuant to the District's purchasing policy. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund also includes \$5,000,000 assigned to be used to reduce the tax levy for the year ending June 30, 2023. This assignment is made when the tax levy is set by the Board of Education pursuant to the District's annual budget policy.

Encumbrances	\$ 1,605,879
Appropriated to Reduce Subsequent Year's Tax Levy	 5,000,000
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 6,605,879

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

T. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: Includes fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District considers that committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's General Fund budget for the ensuing year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

U. New Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will increase the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were not classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. Under, this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The District has implemented Statement 87 as required.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The District has implemented Statement 89 as required.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*, which will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics. The District has implemented Statement 92 as required.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The requirements also will enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of (1) the information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans. The District has implemented Statement 97 as required.

GASB has issued Statement 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, this Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This Statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness. The District has implemented Statement 97 as required.

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, which will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, which will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 99, *Omnibus 2022*, the objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 and/or 2024 financial statements, as applicable.

GASB has issued Statement 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, the primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2024 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 101, Compensated Absences, the objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2025 financial statements.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

1. The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Original Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 139,135,826
Accumulated Depreciation	(35,255,198)
	\$ 103,880,628

2. The cost of right to use assets (equipment) financed from governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those right to use assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with the present value capitalized and amortization expensed annually of the period of use. The balances at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	\$ 166,920
Accumulated Amortization	(617,330)
Original Cost of Right of Use Assets	\$ 784,250

3. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expensed when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Accrued Interest Payable	\$ 249,094

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

4. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. The balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ 51,375,742
Installment Purchase Debt	4,714,326
Lease Liability	168,086
Compensated Absences	4,995,243
Other Postemployment Benefits	343,067,779
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	(52,270,279)
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	11,221,540
	\$ 363,272,437

5. Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The balance is as follows:

Deferred Charges on Refunding \$ 11,240

6. In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized. Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date and changes in the components of the net pension liability or asset are recorded. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. These balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Net Pension Asset, Proportionate Share	\$ 36,680,940
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	24,597,800
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	 (45,614,946)
	\$ 15,663,794

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

7. The Statement of Net Position reflects a receivable from the Library for the amount of the outstanding debt related to the financing of the new library building. The receivable as June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Due From Other Governments

\$ 4,500,000

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities

2. <u>Capital Related Differences</u>

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Plan Related Differences

Pension plan transaction differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Related Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued)

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

Total revenues and other funding sources reported in Governmental Funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 118,565,890
Proceeds from the issuance of debt is recognized as an other funding source in the governmental funds, but increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	(4,839,626)
Proceeds from another Governmental Entity received as payment for their portion of the debt service are recognized in the governmental funds. This is the amount of the payment received.	(500,000)
Operating transfers from other funds are recognized as an other funding source in the governmental fund statements, but are eliminated in the Statement of Activities.	(286,342)
Total revenues in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	\$ 112,939,922
Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses	
Total expenditures and other uses reported in Governmental Funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 117,106,551
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$5,863,131 were more than depreciation of \$2,356,388 in the current year.	(3,506,743)
When the lease of right to use assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the present value of those assets is capitalized and expense is allocated over the period of use and reported as amortization expense. This is the amount by which amortization of \$233,597 was more than the present value of right to use assets of \$0 purchased in the current year.	222 507
the present value of right to use assets of 50 purchased in the current year.	233,597

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued)

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences and special termination benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which compensated absences earned exceeded the amount used during the year.

(162,488)

In the Statement of Activities, the expense for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) includes changes in the OPEB liability such as service cost, interest cost, and changes in benefit terms, as well as amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. In the governmental funds, however, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities exceeded the amount of financial resources used during the year.

19,049,257

Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not under the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest payable this year exceeds the interest payable last year.

37,033

Repayment of bond and installment debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position.

(5,090,250)

Premiums and discounts on long-term debt issuances and deferred amounts from debt refunding are recognized in the fiscal year in which the transactions occur in the governmental fund statements. These amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities. This is the net amount that was amortized during the fiscal year.

(59,256)

(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. (TRS of (\$5,072,817) and ERS of \$(970,426)).

(6,043,243)

Operating transfers to other funds are recognized as other uses of funds in the governmental fund statements, but are eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

(286,342)

Total expenses in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)

\$ 121,278,116

NOTE 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The implementation of the statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes. See note 19 for the financial statement impact of the implementation of the statement.

NOTE 4. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

• The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the year are shown on Supplemental Schedule #5. Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent years until the completion of the projects.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally adopted budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5. CASH – CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ 0
Insured	\$ 25,878,095
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution,	
or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name	\$ 12,134,689

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$21,011,048 within the governmental funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements/	
	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,891,876	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 6,891,876
Construction in Progress	59,149,968	3,844,556	0	62,994,524
Total Nondepreciable				
Assets	 66,041,844	3,844,556	0	69,886,400
Capital assets that are depreciated: Buildings and				
Improvements	54,983,800	0	0	54,983,800
Furniture & Equipment	2,789,536	1,021,819	0	3,811,355
Vehicles	 9,457,515	996,756	0	10,454,271
Total Depreciable Assets	 67,230,851	2,018,575	0	69,249,426
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(32,898,810)	(2,356,388)	0	(35,255,198)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 100,373,885	\$ 3,506,743	\$ 0	\$ 103,880,628

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Support	\$ 303,199
Instruction	1,655,158
Transportation	337,390
School Lunch Program	 60,641
Total Depreciation	\$ 2,356,388

NOTE 7. RIGHT TO USE ASSETS.

Right to use asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	_		Retirements/ Reclassifications		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities							
Right to use assets that are amortized:							
Equipment	\$ 784,250	\$	-	\$	0	\$	784,250
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 (383,733)		(233,597)		0	-	(617,330)
Right To Use Assets, Net	\$ 400,517	\$	(233,597)	\$	0	\$	166,920

Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 233,597
Total Amortization	\$ 233,597

NOTE 8. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes (BAN's) are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. The notes or renewal thereof may not extend more than five years beyond the original date of issue unless a portion is redeemed within five years and within each twelve-month period thereafter. For short-term financing, the Washingtonville Central School District redeems (pays down) one-fifth (1/5) of the original BAN borrowing.

State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date. However, BAN's issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for period's equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made. As of June 30, 2022, the District did not have any BAN's outstanding.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 are summarized below:

								Amounts
	Beginning				Paid/	Ending		Due Within
	Balance		Issued	I	Redeemed	Balance		One Year
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds and Notes Payable:								
Bonds Payable*	\$ 56,172,706	\$	0	\$	4,796,964	\$ 51	,375,742	\$4,611,964
Installment Purchase Debt	403,036	_	4,839,626		360,250	4	,882,412	283,108
Total Bonds and								
Notes Payable	56,575,742		4,839,626		5,157,214	56	,258,154	4,895,072
Other Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences	5,157,730		0		162,488	4	,995,242	0
Other Postemployment Benefits	320,312,964		29,440,143		6,685,328	343	,067,779	0
Net Pension Liability	 6,078,179	_	0		6,078,179		0	0
Total Other Liabilities	331,548,873	_	29,440,143	_	12,925,995	348	,063,021	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 388,124,615	_\$	34,279,769	\$	18,083,209	\$ 404	,321,175	\$ 4,895,072

^{*}At June 30, 2022, the Bonds Payable includes unamortized premiums of \$225,742. This amount is being amortized over the life of the debt issuance to which it relates.

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences. Activity for compensated absences is shown at net due to the impracticality of determining these amounts separately. Activity for Other Postemployment Benefits and Net Pension Liability have also been shown as net figures.

	Issue	Final	Interest	
Description of Issue	Date	Maturity	Rate	Balance
Serial Bond – Buses	2018	2022	2.5000%	\$ 185,000
Serial Bond - Advanced Refunding	2014	2029	4.0000%	5,320,000
Serial Bond - Reconstruction	2019	2039	2.5000%	39,945,000
Serial Bond – Library	2017	2031	5.0000%	4,500,000
Serial Bond - Construction	2020	2023	5.0000%	1,200,000
				\$ 51,150,000
Energy Performance Contract	7/13/2005	7/29/2005	1.469%	4,714,326
BOCES IPA #3	10/18/2019	6/15/2024	2.010%	168,086
				\$ 4,882,412

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued).

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

	Bonds and Notes Payable		Other L	iabilities	
For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal Interest		Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ 4,545,000	\$ 1,527,623	\$ 366,744	\$ 69,874	
2024	4,115,000	1,316,320	371,734	64,884	
2025	3,920,000	1,119,570	291,521	59,824	
2026	4,045,000	957,170	295,820	55,525	
2027	3,710,000	791,870	300,183	51,162	
2028 - 2032	18,595,000	1,948,575	1,568,638	188,084	
2033 - 2037	10,055,000	123,964	1,687,772	68,949	
2038 - 2042	2,165,000	1,540	0_	0	
TOTAL	\$ 51,150,000	\$ 7,786,632	\$ 4,882,412	\$ 558,302	

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 1,807,054
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year	(212,061)
Less: Amortization of premium and deferred amount	(59,256)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year	249,094
Total interest expense	\$ 1,784,831

Library Bond

On August 8, 2017, the District issued \$6,920,000 in serial bonds for renovations and additions to the Moffat Library of Washingtonville. The proceeds of the bonds were used to redeem \$6,500,000 in bond anticipation notes issued on August 11, 2016, and provide an additional \$420,000 for construction on the Library. The net proceeds of the bonds were turned over to the Library. The District is required to issue the bonds in its name and furnish the proceeds to the Library in accordance with Section 260 of Education Law. The Library is required to include in its budget a sufficient amount to reimburse the District for all principal and interest payments on the bonds. The bonds bear interest at 2.00%-5.00%, with principal payments due annually on June 15th and interest payments due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th until maturity on June 15, 2031.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS.

Pension Obligations

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems).

Plan Description & Benefits Provided

Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) which are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2018, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2019. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. Separately issued financial statements for the System can be accessed on the Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php.

Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

The New York State Teachers Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-member Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website located at www.nystrs.org.

ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied 1 for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a members tier, years of service, and plan.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

TRS Benefits Provided

The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credit service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of two additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55 through 62 regardless of service credit.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service requirements above.

Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the \$18,000 of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2020 is 1.0%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determines rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year	NYSTRS	NYSERS
2021 - 2022	\$ 3,248,574	\$ 1,276,848
2020 - 2021	3,258,670	1,234,076
2019 - 2020	3,227,756	981,007

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2022 for ERS and June 30, 2021 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

At March 31, 2022, the District's proportion of the NYSERS net pension asset/(liability) was .0229790%, which is a decrease of .0002147% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion of the NYSTRS net pension asset/(liability) was .200833%, which was an decrease of .018225% as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$213,368 and \$(1,843,210) for ERS and TRS, respectively. At June 30, 2022 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
	ERS	TRS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 142,257	\$ 4,797,156	\$ 4,939,413
Changes of Assumptions	3,134,903	11,447,271	14,582,174
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	0	0	0
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	435,244	886,850	1,322,094
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	227,829	3,526,290	3,754,119
Total	\$ 3,940,233	\$ 20,657,567	\$ 24,597,800
	Defe	erred Inflows of Re	sources
	ERS	TRS	<u>Total</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 184,515	\$ 180,814	\$ 365,329
Changes of Assumptions	52,898	2,027,143	2,080,041
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	6,151,098	36,424,420	42,575,518
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	204,240	389,818	594,058
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	0	0	0

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ 6,592,751 \$ 39,022,195 \$ 45,614,946

Year Ended:	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2022	\$ 0	\$ 4,340,577
2023	378,646	5,150,431
2024	612,867	6,563,634
2025	1,560,605	8,752,459
2026	328,230	(1,686,038)
Thereafter	0	(1,230,144)

Actuarial Assumptions

Total

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Measurement Date	ERS March 31, 2022	TRS June 30, 2021
Inflation Rate	2.7%	2.40%
	compounded annually, net of investment expense	compounded annually, net of investment expense
Projected Salary Increases	4.4%	1.95% - 5.80% Rates of increase differ based on service. They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience
Projected Cost of Living Adjustments	1.4%, compounded annually	1.3%, compounded annually
Investment Rate of Return	5.90%	6.95%
Decrement Tables	Actual experience study for the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020	Actual experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. The Long Term Expected Real Rates of Return are presented by asset allocation classification, which differ from the financial statement presentation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	ERS					
Measurement Date	N	March 31, 2022				
	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*				
Asset Class:						
Domestic Equity	32%	3.30%				
International Equity	15%	5.85%				
Private Equity	10%	6.50%				
Real Estate	9%	5.00%				
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	4.10%				
Credit	4%	3.78%				
Real Assets	3%	5.80%				
Fixed Income	23%	0.00%				
Cash	1%	-1.00%				
Total	100%					

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

	TRS				
Measurement Date	J	June 30, 2021			
	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*			
Asset Class:					
Domestic Equities	33%	6.80%			
International Equities	16%	7.60%			
Global Equities	4%	7.10%			
Real Estate Equities	11%	6.50%			
Private Equities	8%	10.00%			
Domestic fixed income securities	16%	1.30%			
Global bonds	2%	0.80%			
High-yield bonds	1%	5.90%			
Private Debt	7%	3.30%			
Real Estate Debt	1%	3.80%			
Cash Equivalents	1%	-0.20%			
	100%				

^{*}Real rates of return are net of long-term inflation assumptions of 2.5% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.9% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.9% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1% Decrease 5.95%	Current Assumption 6.95%	1% Increase 7.95%	
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ 3,652,015	\$ 34,802,502	\$ 60,982,227	
TRS	1% Decrease 4.90%	Current Assumption 5.90%	1% Increase 6.90%	
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (4,835,079) -56-	\$ 1,878,438	\$ 7,493,971	

NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective measurements dates were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	ERS March 31, 2022		-	TRS	
Measurement Date			June 30, 2021		
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$	(223,874,888)	\$	(130,819,415)	
Plan net position		232,049,473		148,148,457	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	8,174,585	\$	17,329,042	
Ration of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)		103.65%		113.20%	

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contributions for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$227,829.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2022 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS system. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$3,876,109.

NOTE 11. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Inter	rfund	Interfund			
	Receivable	Receivable Payable		Expenditures		
General Fund	\$ 4,290,534	\$ 393,042	\$ 0	\$ 286,342		
Special Aid Fund	389,200	4,069,904	135,000	0		
School Lunch Fund	1,342	220,630	51,342	0		
Capital Fund	0	0	100,000	0		
Debt Service Fund	0	0		0		
Total Governmental Activities	4,681,076	4,683,576	286,342	286,342		
Fiduciary Fund	2,500	0	0	0		
Totals	\$ 4,683,576	\$ 4,683,576	\$ 286,342	\$ 286,342		

NOTE 11. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY. (Continued)

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the Summer Special Education Program not funded by aid from New York State.

NOTE 12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan ("the District's OPEB plan"), provides OPEB for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. The District's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District based on employment contracts. As these employment contracts are renegotiated, eligibility and benefits may change over time. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District's OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. Minimum eligibility requirements for postemployment benefits are as follows:

- The retiree has attained age 55 years while in the employment of the District and meets the follow service requirements:
 - Service requirements range from 5 to 15 years of service based on the employment category (contract) and date of hire.
- The retiree is receiving retirement benefits from the NYS Employees' Retirement System or the NYS Teachers' Retirement System

The retiree is required to make a contribution towards the cost of coverage; contributions vary not only according to employment category (contract). The District reimburses Medicare Part B premiums for retirees who met the eligibility requirements at the time of retirement. In addition, the District will reimburse Medicare Part B premiums some future retirees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	707
Active employees	573
Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	1,280_

NOTE 12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The District's total OPEB liability of \$343,067,779 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Rate	2.21%
Projected Salary Increases	3.80%
Discount Rate	2.16%

Pre-65: 7.69% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of

4.50% for 2029 and later years

Post-65: 8.68% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2029 and later years

Current Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Costs

Retirees pay 0% - 30% of the

cost of single/family coverage and 0% - 50% for the spouse/family based on years of service with the District.

Future Retirees' Share of Benefit Related Costs

Retirees pay 0% - 30% of the

cost of single/family coverage and 0% - 50% for the spouse/family based on years of service with the District.

The discount rate was based on a review of the yield derived from the Bond Buyer 20 GO Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 from the central year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020.

NOTE 12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$320,312,964
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	12,112,591
Interest .	7,281,492
Changes of benefit terms	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(760,397)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	10,046,060
Benefit payments	(5,924,931)
Net Changes	22,754,815
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$343,067,779

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.16 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current			1%
	Decrease		Discount Rate		Increase
	(1.16%)		(2.16%)		(3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$410,234,824	\$	343,067,779	\$	290,239,004

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Cur	rent Health Care	1%		
	Decrease	Cc	st Trend Rates		Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 281,970,409	\$	343,067,779	\$	423,601,227	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$25,141,442. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTE 12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,064,168	\$	1,244,303
Changes of assumptions or other inputs District's contributions subsequent		40,113,926		9,977,237
to the measurement date		6,092,185		0
Total	\$	52,270,279	\$	11,221,540

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending	Amount	
	June 30,	,	
5	2023	\$ 5,747,359	
	2024	5,747,359	
	2025	9,822,569	
	2026	7,974,878	
	2027	4,936,946	
	Thereafter	727,443	

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT.

General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

Pool, Non-Risk Retained

The District participates in the Orange/Ulster School District Health Plan, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of 21 individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of the limit, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.

A. The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The District does not accrue a liability for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave, since payment is based on an uncontrollable future event (sickness). In accordance with the provisions of GASB #16, the value for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave is considered a contingent liability. The District reports \$4,995,243 for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave.

- B. One of the contractors on the District's additions and renovations to Round Hill Elementary School commenced an action against the District seeking damages of \$707,991 for alleged breach of contract related to delays in the progress of work on the project. The District's position is that delay damages are barred by the contract. The District moved to dismiss the claim but the court denied the motion. The District appealed this decision and filed an answer to the contractor's complaint. Discovery is now complete and the District has moved for summary judgment to dismiss the complaint. The District's appeal and motion for summary judgment is pending. The District currently has an amount reserved in the General Fund for liability claims that exceeds the amount of the estimated damages.
- C. Plaintiffs, a not-for-profit organization, comprised of a group of non-public school parents residing in the Washingtonville CSD, alleges that the District is in violation of clear statutory language of NYS Education Law §3635(1-a) that confers NYS resident students attending non-public schools a right to transportation on all days when non-public schools are open, but public schools are closed. The Supreme Court, Albany County found in favor of the Plaintiffs. The Defendants appealed the Decision and Order to the Appellate Division, Third Department, who found in favor of the Defendants. The Plaintiffs have filed a permissive leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals.

The District and NYS Education Department have taken the position that the legislative history is clear. Utica National has assumed defense and indemnification. The contingent liability is \$14,372.01 per day of transportation for every day that non-public schools are open, but public schools are closed. If the Court of Appeals takes the case and reverses the Appellate Division, Third Department, the liability could be in the range \$287,000 to \$575,000 depending on the number of years.

NOTE 15. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. Encumbrances of appropriations of budgets for the year ended June 30, 2022 have been included in the assigned fund balance of the General Fund and in the restricted fund balance of all other funds at June 30, 2022 as follows:

General Fund	\$ 1,605,878
School Lunch Fund	17,738
Special Aid Fund	88,812
Capital Projects Fund	 1,032,723
Total Encumbrances	\$ 2,745,151

JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16. DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS.

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purpose of student scholarships and awards.

The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

NOTE 17. TAX ABATEMENTS.

The District negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The District has a tax abatement agreement with one entity as of June 30, 2022 and the amount received under this arrangement was \$63,238. The amount of the abated tax could not be determined.

The agreement was negotiated under municipal law, allowing localities to abate property taxes for a variety of development purposes, including business relocation, retention and expansion. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to a local government's geographic area. Localities may grant abatements up to 50% of annual property taxes through a direct reduction of the entity's property tax bill. The municipal law does not provide for the recapture of abated taxes in the event an abatement recipient does not fulfill the commitment it makes in return for the tax abatement.

The District has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce property taxes. The District is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities.

NOTE 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The District has evaluated subsequent events through October 27, 2022, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. As of this date, there are no subsequent events to report.

NOTE 19. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION.

Net Position Beginning of Year, as Previous Stated

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 Establishes criteria for the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

The implementation of this statement has resulted in changing the presentation of Lessee and Lessor transactions in the financial statements. Under this Statement, Lessee transactions will now recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Right-to-use lease assets are amortized over the lease term.

Net Position Beginning of Year, as Previous Stated	\$ (197,296,535)
Plus: Change in Accounting Principle, Right to Use Assets, Net - June 30, 2021	400,517

Less: Change in Accounting Principle, Lease Liability - June 30, 2021 (403,036)

Net Position Beginning of Year, as Restated \$ (197,299,054)

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_
\$ 10,288,062	
7,553,558	
) 0	
(33,397,982))
(4,651,628))
(20,207,990))
257,058,540	
	= :
\$ 236,850,550	
	=)
\$ 39,137,655	
605.17%	Ó
9 0) 2 7 2 0	9 7,553,558 0) 0 2 (33,397,982 7) (4,651,628 2 (20,207,990) 0 257,058,540 2 \$ 236,850,550 0 \$ 39,137,655

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

06/30/21	2.16%
06/30/20	2.21%
06/30/19	3.51%
06/30/18	3.87%
06/30/17	3.58%
06/30/16	2.85%

Underlying claims were updated to reflect the most recent claims experience for the 6/30/20 period.

0.000.00

For the 6/30/20 period, the mortality assumption was the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2020 varying based on Bargaining Unit Classification.

For the 6/30/20 period, the salary scale was updated to service-based tables from ERS and TRS.

For the 6/30/20 period, healthcare cost trend rates were updated based on national average information from a variety of sources, including S&P Healthcare Economic Index, NHCE data, plan renewal data, and vendor Rx reports, with adjustments based on provisions of the benefits sponsored by the District.

*GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2018, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OVER (UNDER) FINAL BUDGET		\$ 38,195 (6,446) 84,554		128,828	101,853	\$ 1,083,973			
CURRENT YEAR'S REVENUES		\$ 60,801,775 177,717 920,184	60,700 101,437 1,052,602	40,035,520	1,226,239	104,376,174		0	\$ 104,376,174
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 60,763,580 184,163 835,630	155,000 (77,250) 400,000	39,906,692	1,124,386	103,292,201		9,821,203	\$ 113,113,404
ORIGINAL BUDGET		\$ 60,763,580 184,163 835,630	155,000 20,000 400,000	39,906,692	132,000	102,397,065		9,723,953	\$ 112,121,018
REVENUES	LOCAL SOURCES:	Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Charges for Services	Use of Money & Property Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous	STATE SOURCES	FEDERAL SOURCES	TOTAL REVENUES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:	Appropriated Fund Balance and Reserves	TOTAL REVENUES & OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

UNENCUMBERED BALANCE		\$ 17,515	2,181	98,814	94,335	776,672	120,799		272,883	1,421,327	1,870,100	111,077	167,860	460,265	436,785	469,057	673,111		(158,753)	118,570	6,952,598		0	\$ 6,952,598	
ENCUMBRANCES		\$ 3,104	29	1,097	22,770	673,371	0		9,412	164,959	354,967	1,515	0	232,809	83,539	36,461	21,808		0	0	1,605,879		0	\$ 1,605,879	
CURRENT YEAR'S EXPENDITURES		\$ 53,500	327,597	721,006	658,265	6,525,964	1,010,258		3,317,538	22,350,434	14,820,410	2,729,395	31,192	3,469,723	4,031,155	10,344,914	26,979,929		5,090,250	1,807,055	104,268,585		286,342	104,554,927	\$ (178,753)
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 74,119	329,845	820,917	775,370	7,976,007	1,131,057		3,599,833	23,936,720	17,045,477	2,841,987	199,052	4,162,797	4,551,479	10,850,432	27,674,848		4,931,497	1,925,625	112,827,062		286,342	\$ 113,113,404	
ORIGINAL BUDGET		\$ 77,238	315,330	802,237	811,417	8,210,848	1,104,302		3,603,387	24,607,040	16,899,747	2,841,987	223,590	3,015,007	4,567,884	9,078,417	28,820,465		4,931,497	1,925,625	111,836,018		285,000	\$ 112,121,018	
o da myananya	GENERAL SUPPORT:	Board of Education	Central Administration	Finance	Staff	Central Services	Special Items	INSTRUCTIONAL:	Instruction, Administration & Improvement	Teaching - Regular School	Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	Occupational Education	Teaching - Special Schools	Instructional Media	Pupil Services	PUPIL TRANSPORTATION	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	DEBT SERVICE:	Debt Service - Principal	Debt Service – Interest	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	OTHER USES:	Operating Transfers Out	TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	3/31/2022	3/31/2021	3/31/2020	3/31/2019	3/31/2018	3/31/2017	3/31/2016
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0229790%	0.0251258%	0.0254090%	0.0248260%	0.0267989%	0.0273000%	0.0285000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 1,878,438	\$ (25,019)	\$ (6,728,455)	\$ (1,759,001)	\$ (864,921)	\$ (2,567,886)	\$ (4,581,293)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,159,829	\$ 8,121,108	\$ 8,335,110	\$ 7,895,414	\$ 8,166,663	\$ 8,177,417	\$ 8,016,964
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset'(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.02%	-0.31%	-80.72%	-22.28%	-10.59%	-31.40%	-57.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.65%	%56.66	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	%89'06
	NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*	on Plan Years*					
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.200833%	0.219058%	0.212044%	0.209697%	0.216767%	0.220000%	0.223000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 34,802,502	\$ (6,053,160)	\$ 5,508,925	\$ 3,791,884	\$ 1,647,642	\$ (2,359,304)	\$ 23,185,564
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 35,310,587	\$ 34,705,814	\$ 35,393,644	\$ 34,157,370	\$ 35,067,968	\$ 34,481,842	\$ 33,530,724
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	98.56%	-17.44%	15.56%	11.10%	4.70%	-6.84%	69.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	113.20%	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	%10'66	110.46%

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that the year of implementation was 6/30/14, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*	n Plan 'ears*				
	3/31/2022	3/31/2021	3/31/2020	3/31/2019	3/31/2018	3/31/2017	3/31/2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,276,848	\$ 1,233,258	\$ 1,162,412	\$ 1,168,347	\$ 1,207,465	\$ 1,142,461	\$ 1,404,132
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,276,848	1,233,258	1,162,412	1,168,347	1,207,465	1,142,461	1,404,132
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	8	0	0	0
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,159,829	\$ 8,121,108	\$ 8,335,110	\$ 7,895,414	\$ 8,166,663	\$ 8,177,417	\$ 8,016,964
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	15.65%	15.19%	13.95%	14.80%	14.79%	13.97%	17.51%
		NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*	n Plan 'ears*				
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,248,574	\$ 3,294,241	\$ 3,758,805	\$ 3,347,422	\$ 4,109,966	\$ 4,572,292	\$ 5,877,935
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,248,574	3,294,241	3,758,805	3,347,422	4,109,966	4,572,292	5,877,935
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 35,310,587	\$ 34,705,814	\$ 35,393,644	\$ 34,157,370	\$ 35,067,968	\$ 34,481,842	\$ 33,530,724
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	9.20%	9.49%	10.62%	%08'6	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that the year of implementation was 6/30/14, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

ADOPTED BUDGET		\$ 109,623,308
ADDITIONS:		
Encumbrances from Prior Year		2,497,710
ORIGINAL BUDGET		112,121,018
BUDGET REVISIONS:		
Budget Amendment for Emergency Connectivity Funds		992,386
REVISED BUDGET		\$ 113,113,404
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2022–2023 Voter-approved expenditure budget maximum allowed		
(4% of 2022–2023 budget, \$116,675,305)		\$ 4,667,012
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		
Unrestricted Fund Balance:		
Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 6,605,879	
Unassigned Fund Balance	6,017,318	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	12,623,197	
Less:		
Appropriated Fund Balance	5,000,000	
Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance	1,605,879	
Total Adjustments	6,605,879	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 6,017,318
Actual Percentage		5.16%

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				,	E	XPEND	EXPENDITURES TO DATE	ATE			ME	THODS (METHODS OF FINANCING	Ċ	FUND
	ORI	ORIGINAL	REV	REVISED	PRIOR	0	CURRENT		UNEXPENDED	DED CE	PROCEEDS	STATE	STATE & LOCAL		BALANCE
	APPRO	APPROPRIATION	APPROP	APPROPRIATION	YEARS		YEAR	TOTAL	BALANCE		FROM DEBT	SO	SOURCES	TOTAL	JUNE 30, 2022
Buses	69	1,635,000	69	1,635,000	\$ 1,624,536	\$	0	\$ 1,624,536	€9	10,464 \$	1,415,000	69	209,536	\$ 1,624,536	0 8
Buses		949,827		949,827	949,827	<i>L</i> :	0	949,827		0	0		949,827	949,827	0
Construction and Reconstruction		59,995,174	Ψ,	59,995,174	56,709,329	6.	35,659	56,744,988		3,250,186	47,842,620		10,194,202	58,036,822	1,291,834
Smart School Bond Act		2,862,021		2,862,021	2,258,352	52	0	2,258,352		693,669	0		2,258,352	2,258,352	0
Capital Outlay Project		100,000		100,000	99,189	68	0	99,189	0	811	0		100,000	100,000	811
Capital Outlay Project		100,000		100,000	83,098	86	0	83,098		16,902	0		100,000	100,000	16,902
Capital Outlay Project		100,000		100,000		0	0	-	01	000,001	0		100,000	100,000	100,000
Energy Performance Contract		4,839,626		4,839,626		0	3,808,897	3,808,897		1,030,729	4,839,626			4,839,626	1,030,729
	es	70,581,648	8	70,581,648	\$ 61,724,331		3,844,556	\$ 65,568,887	\$ 5,012,761	3 192;	54,097,246	69	13,911,917	\$ 68,009,163	\$ 2,440,276

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET			\$ 103,880,628
ADDITIONS:			
Deferred Charges on Refunding		11,240	
Total Additions			11,240
DEDUCTIONS:			
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable	\$	4,111,964	
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable		42,763,778	
Short-term Portion of Installment Debt		283,108	
Long-term Portion of Installment Debt	_	4,431,218	
Total Deductions			 (51,590,068)
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS			 52,301,800

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	DATE OF ORIGINAL ISSUE	MATURITY	INTEREST	OUTSTANDING BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	ISSUED DURING YEAR	PAID DURING YEAR	OUTSTANDING END OF YEAR	AMOUNT OF INTEREST PAID DURING FISCAL YEAR	AMOUNT OF INTEREST ACCRUED AT JUNE 30, 2022
BONDS PAYABLE									
36 Serial Bond – Buses	2017	2022	2.000%	\$ 200,000	0	\$ 200,000	0	\$ 2,000	0
38 Serial Bond – Buses	2018	2022	2.500%	365,000	0	180,000	185,000	7,219	1,423
29 Serial Bond - Advanced Refunding	2012	2022	2.000%	110,000	0	110,000	0	2,612	0
33 Serial Bond - Advanced Refunding	2014	2029	4.000%	6,010,000	0	690,000	5,320,000	223,850	120,975
39 Serial Bond – Reconstruction	2019	2039	2.500%	42,235,000	0	2,290,000	39,945,000	1,262,720	82,079
37 Serial Bond – Library	2017	2031	5.000%	5,000,000	0	500,000	4,500,000	173,750	9,247
40 Serial Bond - Advanced Refunding	2020	2023	5.000%	1,960,000	0	760,000	1,200,000	79,000	32,384
Total Bonds				55,880,000	0	4,730,000	51,150,000	1,751,151	246,108
INSTALLMENT DEBT				*					
18 Energy Performance Contract	07/13/05	07/29/05	1.469%	0	4,839,626	125,300	4,714,326	50,372	2,847
BOCES IPA #2	09/25/20	06/15/22	%026.0	152,122	0	152,122	0	3,086	0
BOCES IPA #3	10/18/19	06/15/24	2.010%	250,914	0	82,828	168,086	2,445	139
Total Installment Debt				403,036	4,839,626	360,250	4,882,412	55,903	2,986
TOTAL INDEBTEDNESS				\$ 56,283,036	\$ 4,839,626	\$ 5,090,250	\$ 56,032,412	\$ 1,807,054	\$ 249,094

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992 Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Washingtonville Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washingtonville Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Washingtonville Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Washingtonville Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York

Yjugant + Hoursles, P.C.

October 27, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992 101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Washingtonville Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Washingtonville Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Washingtonville Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Washingtonville Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Washingtonville Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Washingtonville Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Washingtonville Central School District's federal programs.

Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Washingtonville Central School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Washingtonville Central School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Washingtonville Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Washingtonville Central School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District

Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York

Mugant + Hamusles, P.C.

October 27, 2022

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	FEDERAL ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed-through NYS Education Department:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: Cash Assistance Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	\$ -	\$ 2,105,149
Cash Assistance Subtotal			-	2,105,149
Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution) Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.555	N/A		235,503
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				2,340,652
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed-through NYS Education Department:				
Special Education Cluster: IDEA – Part B, Section 611 IDEA – Part B, Section 619	84.027A 84.173A	0032-22-0701 00-33-220701	67,676 12,960	929,823 30,700
Total Special Education Cluster			80,636	960,523
Education Stabilization Funds Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER2) Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER2) ARP 90% ARP Lost Instruction Time (ESSER 5%)	84.425C 84.425D 84.425C 84.425U 84.425U	5890-21-3610 5891-22-2290 5896-22-2290 5880-21-2300 5884-22-2290	- - - - -	6,176 1,848,999 196,338 671,208 210,049
Total Education Stabilization Funds			-	2,932,770
Title I Parts A&D, Basic Program Title I Parts A&D, Basic Program Title I School Improvement Title I School Improvement Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Title III Part A, LEP Title IV Part A, Safe and Drug Free Schools Title IV Part A, Safe and Drug Free Schools TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	84.010A 84.010A 84.010A 84.367A 84.367A 84.365A 84.424A	0021-21-2220 0021-22-2220 0011-21-2198 0011-22-2198 0147-21-2220 0147-22-2220 0293-22-2220 0204-21-2220 0204-22-2220	- - - - - - - - 80,636	38,742 479,681 162,764 176,250 20,545 105,800 1,501 6,895 1,097
				7,000,508
FEDERAL CIMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Emergency Connectivity Funds	32.009	N/A		992,386
TOTAL FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION			80,636	992,386
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED			\$ 80,636	\$ 8,219,606

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

NOTE 2. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE.

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted \$235,503 of commodities under the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Federal Assistance Listing Number 10.555).

NOTE 3. OTHER DISCLOSURES.

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

		Yes X	No
		Yes X	None Reported
		Yes X	No
		Yes X	No
		Yes X	None Reported
orted		Yes X	No
Education Sta Special Educa	bilization tion Clu	n Funds ster	CLUSTER
nd Type B programs:	\$ 750,0	000	
	X	Yes	No
	Education Sta Special Educa Emergency Co	NAME OF FEDERAL PRO Education Stabilization Special Education Clu Emergency Connective and Type B programs: \$ 750,0	Yes _X

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no findings relating to the financial statements which were required to be reported.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

B. Compliance Findings

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.



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Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Washingtonville Central School District Washingtonville, New York 10992

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Washingtonville Central School District, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balance-cash basis as of June 30, 2022 and the related statement of receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balance of Washingtonville Central School District as of June 30, 2022, and its receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Washingtonville Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Washingtonville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Washingtonville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Montgomery, New York

Jugant + Hameles, P.C.

October 27, 2022

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS

JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS

Cash __\$ 119,003

FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$ 117,934

Excess of Receipts over Disbursements \$ 1,069

Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 119,003

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

$\frac{\text{EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND - HIGH SCHOOL}}{\text{STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS}}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ASH ANCE					CASH
	30, 2021	RE	ECEIPTS	DISBURSE	MENTS	LANCE E 30, 2022
Class of 2021	\$ 1,844	\$	2,464	\$	4,308	\$ 0
Class of 2022	3,090		42,583		45,576	97
Class of 2023	1,273		22,020		17,813	5,480
Class of 2024	1,383		3,403		1,448	3,338
Class of 2025	0		1,330		0	1,330
AAADA	276		792		404	664
Community Service Club	2,239		2,676		2,239	2,676
Drama Club	27,187		56,551		54,942	28,796
E-Sports	241		241		257	225
Foreign Language Honor Society	1,300		4,213		3,655	1,858
Gems In Stem	70		0		0	70
GSA	189		0		0	189
Jr. Community Service Club	1,018		1,739		1,139	1,618
JROTC	5,645		5,645		5,645	5,645
Language Club	1,214		1,214		1,214	1,214
Literary Magazine	1,262		1,261		1,383	1,140
Math Honor Society	542		657		542	657
Memorial Park Maintenance Club	83		0		0	83
National Art Honor Society	684		6,606		6,286	1,004
National Honor Society	5,452		12,572		13,058	4,966
National Junior Honor Society	2,496		2,499		3,148	1,847
Newspaper Club	60		60		60	60
Science Honor Society	1,546		1,545		1,546	1,545
Spirit of Giving	1,387		4,515		4,107	1,795
Student Coalition	18,669		51,733		53,683	16,719
Wizards Against Cancer	358		4,410		557	4,211
Wizards Care	39		0		0	39
Yearbook	 13,122		13,121		20,903	 5,340
	\$ 92,669	\$	243,850	\$ 2	243,913	\$ 92,606

See notes to financial statements.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND - MIDDLE SCHOOL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		CASH					(CASH
	BA	BALANCE			BA	LANCE		
	JUN	E 30, 2021	RE	CEIPTS	DISB	URSEMENTS	JUNI	E 30, 2022
Drama Club	\$	(1,422)	\$	11,764	\$	8,271	\$	2,071
Language Club		349		0		0		349
Recycle Club		609		0		0		609
Student Council		16,247		18,746		20,469		14,524
Yearbook	-	9,482		12,682		13,320		8,844
	\$	25,265	\$	43,192	\$	42,060	\$	26,397

See notes to financial statements.

WASHINGTONVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WASHINGTONVILLE, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of Washingtonville Central School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund balances within the fiduciary funds of the financial statements. The separate audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of this fund are controlled by student management.
- (b) The books and records of Washingtonville Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed.
- (c) The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. All receipts are collected by the student activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management.